

Israelis clamp curfew on Balata

OCCUPIED IERUSALEM (R) — Israeli troops fired rubber bullets and tear-gas at stone-throwing demonstrators masked in traditional Arab headscarves on Tuesday at a refugee camp in the occupied West Bank, an Israeli army spokeswoman said. Israeli authorities clamped a curiew on the Balata camp after the clash, which followed a similar incident on the day avening at the camp the West Bank's larger with 12 000. Monday evening at the camp, the West Bank's largest with 12,000 residents. In the occupied Gaza Strip, Israeli authorities arrested the head of a local Palestine Communist Party (PCP) branch overnight and later ordered him to be jailed without trial for six months, military sources said. Such "administrative detention orders" date back to British mandatory rule over Palestine. Muhammad Khalil Barbah, 30, was suspected of "inciting disturbances" and hostile activity, the military spokeswoman said. The PCP is officially banned as part of the Palestine Liberation Organisation. Meanwhile, an 18-year-old Palestinian student was arrested overnight when troops raided his home at the Askar refugee camp near Nablus, according to the Palestine Press Service in Arab Jerusalem. No further details were immediately available.



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feeting discusses llocations under apanese loan

MMAN (Petra) — His Royal ighness Crown Prince Hassan Tuesday visited the Prime inistry and met for some time th Prime Minister Zaid Rifai. iter he chaired a meeting in the esence of Mr. Rifai to discuss locations of a \$300 million panese loan to Jordan. Those lending the meeting included e ministers of foreign affairs, instry and trade, finance, enerand mineral resources and anning, as well as the Central ink Governor and Prince Hasa's economic advisor.

ifai receives idanese message

at unurum

MMAN (Petra) - Prime nister Zaid Rifai conferred in office on Tuesday with Dr. nin Makki Madani, an envoy ·Sudanese Prime Minister teq Al Mahdi. Dr. Madani ivered a message to Mr. Rifai m Mr. Mahdi. Mr. Rifai and

. Madani also discussed ianese-Jordanian cooperation. e meeting was attended by Mr. iail Fadel Al Mahdi, member Sudan's parliament and ian's Ambassador to Jordan hjoub Radwan.

iping kills 1, unds 5 Shatila

RUT (R) — A Palestinian mander was killed and five -ters wounded on Tuesday in a of sniper-fire at the entrance seirut's Shatila refugee camp, estinian sources said. They the camp's military commanwas killed by snipers of the al militia ringing the shanty- They identified the dead mander as Mohsen and said firing seriously wounded the tical representative of the stine Struggle Front and four r fighters. There was no comat available from Amal offi-

RWA gets 12 million pledge

ITED NATIONS (R) e than \$112 million has been ged by 36 countries and the opean Community towards 1988 programme of the U.N. ef and Works Agency for stine refugees (UNRWA), officials said. A number of unies, including the United s and Japan, told a special ging meeting late on Monday their contributions would be nunced at a later date. At a ar meeting last November, a of nearly \$145 million was used by 33 states and the pean Community.

rlucci sworn in

SHINGTON (AP) — Frank acci was sworn in as U.S. tary of defence Monday sucing Caspar W. Weinberger, resigned earlier this month use of his wife's health. Mr. ucci, formerly President ild Reagan's national secur-Iviser, was administered the of office by Federal Appeals c Laurence Silberman in the

INSIDE

Egypt's return to Arab old unlikely to shift Julf power balance. page 2

the importance for the parties Arab pharmacists open concerned in the Middle East to Conference in Amman, settle their problems through negotiations," he said.

ndependent Commision on International lumanitarian Issues vins U.N. support, page

New city rises in shadow of killer volcano, page 5 Sasparov loses 16th

ame, page 6 Ugerian oil officials call or expansion of OPEC.

i Peng named acting

remier of China, page 8

U.S., Soviet Union finalise INF pact

GENEVA (Agencies) — The United States and the Soviet Union announced on Tuesday they had completed a treaty to eliminate all intermediate-range nuclear missiles — the first superpower arms treaty in nearly a

"We have now completed agreement on all the outstanding INF (intermediate-range nuclear forces) issues." U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz announced with Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze standing at his side.

The treaty will be signed at a superpower summit between U.S. President Ronald Reagan and Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev in Washington on Dec.

Shaking hands with the Soviet foreign minister outside the U.S. mission, Mr. Shultz said all that remained was completing treaty language that lower-level officials would be able to handle.

We have no doubt the (Reagan-Gorbachev) summit meeting will be successful," Mr. Shevardnadze said. "The next step should be the

The pact, the first in history to make real cuts in nuclear arsenals, will eliminate all superpower nuclear missiles with ranges of 500 to 5,000 kilometres. "I think what we have done is

in the interests of all nations on this planet..." Mr. Shevardnadze said. "This is a historic task that we have accomplished through joint effort," he said. The announcement came dur-

ing a break towards the end of two days of last-minute talks between the two ministers to resolve disagreements over how to prevent cheating on the treaty. While the ministers discussed a

full range of summit topics from Afghanistan and human rights to arms control, INF negotiators met separately and focused on clearing away the remaining obstacles to a treaty. We are very pleased," said

pages, is the longest and most detailed arms pact ever negotiated by the superpowers.

Problems had centred on sections designed to ensure against cheating. In particular, negotiators struggled to agree on clauses to permit quick on-site inspection of areas or facilities suspected of violating the pact.

Mr. Shultz and Mr. Shevardnadze stood hatless in the brisk late autumn air outside the U.S. mission where they held a brief fourth meeting after hearing reports from their top arms experts. The experts had met five times in the past two days.

Mr. Shultz and Mr. Shevardnadze did not describe how they overcame the last obstacles to the

Mr. Shultz and Mr. Shevardnadze also considered the delicate question of how to have Mr. Gorbachev meet with members of the U.S. Congress. The idea of having Mr. Gorbachev address a joint meeting of Congress had apparently been dropped, following objections by a number of conservative Republicans. The final Shultz-Shevardnadze agreement on this issue was not

abolition of all nuclear weapons." the smiling Soviet minister said. The treaty, which with accom-Dissidents claim 'most significant victory' against Iranian soldiers

NICOSIA (AP) — Iranian rebels organ of Iraq's ruling Baath killed in the 36-hour battle that said Tuesday they killed 1,500 Socialist Party, said Tuesday that ended at noon Monday, the com-Iranian soldiers in a two-day bat- Iraqi forces' combat readiness to munique no tle they hailed as their "most

significant victory" this year. Iran claimed its warplanes attacked Iraqi defences in the southern sector of the 1.180-

kilometre Gulf war front. The Iranians have been massing as many as 20 divisions in that sector, east of the battered Iraqi city of Basra, for what the Iraqis and military analysts believe is a new offensive to break the stalemate in the seven-year-

old conflict. The escalation in ground fight-ing after weeks of desultory clashes beightened speculation that the Iranians are planning a series of diversionary thrusts along the front to draw off Iraqi forces before any major push is

launched in the south. Baghdad's Al Thawra daily,

Mubarak and

Ceausescu

urge talks to

end Gulf war

CAIRO (R) - Presidents Hosni

Mubarak of Egypt and Nicolae

Ceausescu of Romania called on

Tuesday for negotiations to end

the Gulf war and the Middle East

conflict, Egyptian Information

Speaking to reporters after two

hours of talks on the second day

of Mr. Ceausescu's state visit to

Egypt, Mr. Sharif said the two

presidents "agreed that all prob-

lems can be settled through nego-

tiations between the parties con-

cerned and that efforts must be

exerted to help Iran and Iraq end

"The two leaders also stressed

Mr. Sharif said the two leaders

voiced support for a U.N.-spon-

sored international peace confer-

ence on the Middle East, which

received formal backing from the

Arab League summit in Amman

Mr. Ceausescu also raised the

decision of nine Arab states to

resume ties with Cairo, severed in

1979 in protest against Egypt's

separate peace treaty with Israel.

communique on Wednesday at

Egypt and Romania will issue a

the end of Mr. Ceausescu's visit.

earlier this month.

their war."

Minister Safwat Sharif said.

repel any offensive "is in full swing... fully prepared to wipe out Iranian forces.'

The Mujahedeen-e-Khalq, the main Iranian opposition movement, said in a communique that a large force of the National Liberation Army NLA killed 1,500 Iranians, wounded 1,130 and captured 310 in the assault on positions in Piranshahr in north-

The NLA, which is mainly made up of Mujahedeen fighters, overran several bases and hills, destroyed 10 tanks and more than 100 vehicles in the assault that began early Sunday, the communique said.

The statement was telexed to AP in Nicosia from the Mujahedeen's headquarters in Baghdad.

It said seven battalions of the Iranians' 64th Orumieh division were destroyed or badly mauled. knocking out the division as a fighting unit.

It was the second major assault reported by the NLA in recent days. The Mujahedeen said 180 Iranians were killed, 170 wounded and 60 captured in fighting outside the shell-battered Iranian border town of Mehran Sunday.

The Mujahedeen and the NLA, which was formed in June, have reported to have carried out about 100 attacks into western Iran since January and killed or wounded nearly 6,000 Iranians.

There has been no independent confirmation. But Iranian leaders have in recent weeks acknowledged that the rebels are becom-Eighteen NLA fighters were ing increasingly effective.

Confrontations on rise between Iranian and foreign navies in Gulf

BAHRAIN (AP) - An Italian "Alvand alley." warship locked its guns Tuesday on an Iranian frigate blocking its path and warned it to move away, in the third confrontation this week between Iran and foreign navies in the Gulf, salvage and shipping sources reported.

The two previous confrontations on Monday involved Soviet and French warships.

Radio operators who monitor shipping in the Gulf said the Italian warship told the Iranian frigate by radio: "You are in our

way... move away."
"The Italians locked their guns on the Iranian frigate and, after a brief pause, the Iranians moved away," a Dubai-based salvage executive told AP in a telephone interview,

"We heard the Italians question the Iranians about their intentions," said the executive, who, like all other sources, insisted on anonymity.

He had no other details on the incident.

The Iranian frigate was be-lieved to be the Alvand, which constantly patrols southern Gulf waters sometimes with speedboats manned by Islamic Revolutionary Guards. It occasionally intercepts commercial vessels to check if their cargoes contained war material for Iraq.

Seamen now call the area the

The Italian warship is one of eight units dispatched to the region after the United States urged allies to assemble a multi-national

force in the waterway to keep it open for commercial shipping. The Italian navy on Sunday completed sweeping waters abutting the strategic Strait of Hormuz, the only gateway to the Gulf, in search of mines.

The Italian force in the Gulf includes the minesweepers Vieste, Sapri and Milazzo, the support ship Anteo, the frigates Grecale, Scirocco, and Perseo, in

addition to the tanker Vesuvio. The minesweepers, the Anteo and the Grecale entered the Gulf Sunday to scan waters near

Dubai. Dutch, Belgian and British units are in the central Gulf and U.S. navy minesweepers have been searching for mines near Iran's Farsi Island. They have found and detonated nine explo-

At least three commercial vessels - the Indian tanker Major Biru Singh, the Cypriot tanker Medulas, and the Japanese-owned Sunlight Jewel - also were challenged by the Iranians Tuesday, said the salvage executives and shipping agents.

Deputies hail Amman summit outcome and pay tribute to His Majesty's efforts

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The general enthusiasm and satisfaction among Mufeed Al Mubaslat (Nablus) Jordanian parliamentarians over the successful outcome of the Nov. 8-11 extraordinary Arab summit in Amman was evident in speeches presented by deputies at the Lower House of Parliament on Tuesday.

Five deputies addressed the House during its regular session on Tuesday and paid tribute to His Majesty King Hussein for his successful efforts at unifying Arab ranks and his role in making the Amman summit a resounding

In addition, the central theme in the speeches made by Deputies

Israel has no desire for peace, Jordan

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies) Jordan's permanent representative to the United Nations Abdullah Salah told the world body on Monday Israel had no respect for U.N. resolutions and had always showed its intentions. to expand and to seize and keep more Arab land.

Addressing the U.N. General Assembly on the opening day of its annual debate on the Palestine question, Dr. Salah said the failure to find a solution to the Palestine question had added to the feelings of bitterness and rejection amongst the Palestinians who yearn to return to their homeland and to restore their

usurped rights." "The Palestinians first tried all peaceful methods to achieve a settlement to their problem, but finally resorted to limited resistance to keep their question alive," Dr. Salah noted. He added that Arab countries had always rejected to accept Israeli preconditions for peace in view of the Jewish state's total rejection of the legitimate rights of Palestinians, including their rights to return to their homeland.

Dr. Salah also said that Israel should adopt a peaceful policy if t really wants a peaceful solution. In other words, Dr. Salah said, Israeli leaders should think seriously of putting an end to their occupation of Arab land and of recognising that the refugee problem is not an Arab problem or Arab responsibility in the first place. On the contrary it is an Israeli problem in the first place,

Dr. Salah said. However, he added, Israel should recognise Palestinians as persons who have rights and as a people which has basic rights. These rights, he added, are the crux of the Palestine question which Israel should also recognise. The Palestine problem is not a problem of population which should be solved outside the Palestinian soil but rather a political problem which has been, from the beginning, the core of the Arab-Israeli conflict.

Summing up his speech, Dr. Salah urged Israel to support the proposed Middle East peace conference, but said Israel really had no desire for peace. "All there is in Israel is a

military policy. And all these claims for peace only conceal a desire for expansion. They are only a smokescreen," he said. Dr. Salah said that if Israel wanted a peaceful solution it should adopt a peaceful policy and its leaders must first of all

tion (PLO) as the representative

of the Arab Palestinian people.

think about Israel's role in the Dr. Von Weizsaecker said region in peaceful terms. Israel had a potentially historic opportunity, he said. It should support the convening of a Middle East conference including all parties concerned, including the Palestine Liberation Organisa-

Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, resalem), Ismail Hijazi (Hebron), Qader Saleh (Nablus), Wahid Al Jaabari (Hebron) and

was hope that His Majesty was no need for holding a closed House session to discuss issues would be further successful in his related to the summit. endeavours to follow up and implement the resolutions adopted "I see no necessity for holding by the summit on the Iran-Iraq a closed session to brief the honwar, the Arab-Israeli conflict and oured chamber on the summit the Lebanese situation and other issues of common interest to the known to everybody. The sum-

mit's final communique was co-A cable reaffirming the House vered by the various information support for His Majesty the King media," said Mr. Rifai. and congratulating him was sent Mr. Rifai said "no secret reby Speaker Akef Al Fevez on the eve of the summit's conclusion.

solutions" were adopted by the summit and deputies were free to read all documentation on the conference' sessions and resolution vis-a-vis the summit's suc-

raised any questions on the sumsponding to suggestions made by mit, although Mr. Rifai said he Irbid Deputy Nader Abu Al would be glad to answer any Shaer and Mr. Jaabari, said there query.

Mr. Saleh, one of the five lawmakers who spoke of the summit on Tuesday, read to the House a special poem he wrote

on the King and the Summit. Mr. Daoud praised the sumsince the meeting's results are mit's results towards achieving a common Arab position on major issues in the region and praised Arab reconciliation that characterised the conference.

Referring to His Majesty's tours of Arab capitals before the summit and his endeavours at uniting the Arab World were

(Continued on page 3)

Soviet official pledges continued efforts by Moscow towards int'l peace parley AMMAN (J.T.) — The Soviet current whirlpool of tension.

Union will work hard to convene an international Middle East peace conference under U.N. supervision, the head of a visiting Soviet delegation said Tuesday.

And this cable was seen by de-

puties as stating the House posi-

Arab Nation.

Pavel Volakov also said His Majesty King Hussein's visit to the Soviet Union, expected to take place before the end of 1987. was bound to bolster ties of friendship and cooperation between Jordan and the Soviet Union and enhance bilateral coordination in efforts to achieve a just and comprehensive peace in

the Middle East. Addressing a press conference at the end of a week-long visit to Jordan, Mr. Volakov said the King Hussein's efforts for convening an international conference to bring peace to the Middle East and considers such conference as the most effective means

Mr. Volakov, transport minister of Ukrainia, said that his country, in addition to continue to exert all possible efforts to convene this conference, would also continue to extend full support for the just struggle of the Arab Nation to help it regain its usurped land and to enable Arab people to live in peace and tran-

Mr. Volakov said: "The lead-

ers of the Arab Nation have reaffirmed at their recent summit in Amman their keenness on establishing a just and comprehensive peace at a time when Israel continues to show its hostile attitude towards any peace and continues to re initiatives and international resolutions that call for a withdrawal of its forces from Arab land."

Mr. Volakov also referred to talks in progress between Soviet

were "not limited to discussion of some clauses of the treaty signed by the two countries in 1920." Iran's Parliament Speaker Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani was quoted in an interview published last Wednesday by a Japanese newspaper that Iran was negotiating on a new defence treaty with

the Soviet Union. In 1979, the Iranian revolutionary regime unilaterally scrapped the Soviet-Iran mutual defence pact of 1921.

Mr. Volakov said Tuesday that the current Soviet-Iranian contacts were aimed at discussing various articles in the 1921 treaty.

"These contacts can by no means affect the Soviet Union's will never change Moscow's call for an end to the conflict between Iran and Iraq and to safeguard the rights and territorial integrity of all the peoples of the Gulf region." Mr. Volakov said.

for saving the region from the and Iranian leaders, saving they EC and Israel remain split over W. Bank exports

TEL AVIV (R) — The European few days.
Community (EC) and Israel reUnder main split, despite a week of talks in Tel Aviv by experts, on the right of Palestinians in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip to market their agricultural produce independently to Europe, diplomatic sources said on

Tuesday. As a result, the European Parliament may delay ratification of an agreement lowering tariffs on key Israeli exports to the 12nation community, they said.

Israel has protested to European governments that the two issues are unrelated and demanded immediate application of the tariff cuts, which affect lucrative sales of cut flowers, Israeli officials said.

Diplomats said Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres had discussed the issue in talks in London, Brussels and Paris in the last exports, they said.

Under European pressure, Israel has agreed Palestinians may export fruit and vegetables with certificates of origin issued by local chambers of commerce in the occupied territories, instead

of by Israel's government-owned

marketing corporations. EC Commissioner for Mediterranean Policy Claude Cheysson insisted during a visit to Israel last month that Palestinian exporters be free to choose who markets their produce in Europe.

But the sources said Israel still wanted it marketed by the government-run citrus marketing board and Agrexco corporation and had placed unacceptable conditions on any alternative.

In particular, the Israelis sought a guarantee that West Bank and Gaza produce would not undercut the prices of Israeli

Gemayel, von Weizsaecker discuss Lebanese situation

President Amin Gemayel on Tuesday met with West German President Richard von Weiz- require large financial means. saecker to discuss efforts for We, together with our European peace and economic recovery in civil war-plagued Lebanon.

Germany Monday for a five-day visit with West German officials that will include stops in West Berlin and Munich. West Germany would act with other West European countries

Mr. Gemayel arrived in West

to help build up the Lebanese economy once peace is restored. Dr. Von Weizsaecker said at a meeting and luncheon with Mr. Gemayel and other officials.

West Germany would continue to support Lebanon's freedom, independence and territorial intact-

Dr. Von Weizsaecker said during a speech at a banquet in Mr. Gemayel's honour that negotiations must begin between Leba-

BONN (Agencies) - Lebanese non's various warring factions. He added: "We know that the

rebuilding of your country will partners, will do everything in our power to help rebuild your country once internal peace has been established.'

Dr. Von Weizsaecker reminded Mr. Gemayel that West German Rudolf Cordes was still being held hostage in Lebanon. Mr. Cordes was seized in west Beirut in January and is believed to be the prisoner of a group close to the pro-Iranian Hizbollah (Party of God).

A second West German. Alfred Schmidt, was released in September after eight months' captivity.

Mr. Gemayel will meet Chancellor Helmut Kohl in Bonn on Wednesday before leaving to visit West Berlin and the state of

Hoss ends visit, praises King's stand in support of Lebanon

AMMAN (J.T.) - The acting prime minister of Lebanon, Dr. Salim Al Hoss, left Amman for Beirut on Tuesday at the end of a three-day visit to Jordan during which he was received in audi-ence by His Majesty King Hussein and His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan.

During his stay here, Dr. Hoss held talks with Prime Minister Zaid Rifai on the Lebanese question and the outcome of the Nov. 8-11 extraordinary Arab summit

meeting in Amman. Dr. Hoss was seen off at the airport by Mr. Rifai, Cabinet members and Lebanon's Ambassador to Jordan Pierre Ziade.

Upon his arrival in Beirut on Tuesday, Dr. Hoss said that in his talks with King Hussein he felt the King's keen concern over the situation in Lebanon and the future of the country and also the monarch's sincere willingness and readiness to support efforts for

saving Lebanon from its ordeal. Dr. Hoss, in a statement to the press, said that his meeting with King Hussein was a good chance for learning about the outcome of the extraordinary Arab summit meeting, specially with regard to

the situation in Lebanon. During his stay in Amman, Dr. Hoss chaired an annual meeting of Arab experts who study the work of Arab League agencies

and ministerial councils. During his talks with Dr. Hoss. the King expressed hope "that the reconciliation and understanding which prevailed the Amman's summit would prevail in efforts to heal rifts among various Lebanese factions."

The King also reaffirmed Jordan's support for the territorial integrity and national unity of

Egypt's return to Arab fold is unlikely to shift Gulf balance

By Ashraf Fouad Reuter

BAHRAIN — Egypt's strong return to the Gulf Arab scene has given a psychological boost to Gulf states but is unlikely to shift the balance of power against Iran, diplomats in the region say.

luctant to intervene militarily in the Gulf war, raging for the last seven years between Iraq and Iran and threatening to spill over into neighbouring Arab states.

Egypt's military might — it is the most powerful Arab state with almost half a million men under arms — was a major factor why Gulf Arab states took the lead in restoring relations with Cairo.

Egypt was ostracised in the Arab World in 1979 for making peace with Israel but an Arab summit in Amman earlier this month gave the green light for renewing diplomatic links.

Iraq and other Gulf states quickly reopened ties, bolstered by a pledge of support from Egypt's President Hosni

Mr. Mubarak promised to defend any of the Gulf Cooperation

They said Egypt would be re- Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates — if they were dragged into the conflict.

> One senior Arab official in the Gulf said non-Arab Iran would now think twice before attacking any of Iraq's Arab allies.

But Western diplomats think that, while Mr. Mubarak may be willing to give military aid to Gulf Arab states, he would be loath to commit troops to a war so far away from Egypt.

Iranian diplomats say they do not see a threat from Egypt. They said Iran had not been

intimidated by the superpower buildup of U.S. and Soviet fleets in the Gulf. One Iranian diplomat asked: "What can Egypt do if the West and the East failed?"

The war has been deadlocked for several years. But some military analysts think Iran, threaten-Council (GCC) states — Bahrain, ing a new offensive, could now have an edge after buying fresh directly if Iran launched a ground arms and Chinese ground-attack attack against any of the GCC

Egypt has the biggest trained army in the Arab World at had its hands full with Iraq and 445,000 men, an air force of 500 combat planes and helicopters front. and a burgeoning arms industry.

ber of enlisted men but its air foot when Cairo gave asylum to force, largely made up of U.S. aircraft bought before the Shah was toppled in 1979, has suffered

from a shortage of spares.

Diplomats said the GCC states felt reassured to have Egypt back

in the Arab camp. The Saudi newspaper Al Sharq Al Awsat, reflecting the thinking in Riyadh, said: "The presence of Egypt is a strength and a boost to end of July. the Arabs for its power, importance and capabilities.'

Saudi Arabia has been at loggerheads with Tehran since riots involving Iranian pilgrims at Mecca during the Hajj pilgrimage this year and Kuwait has come under direct attack.

The Kuwaitis blamed Iran for terminal in October.

countries.

could not afford to open a new

Egypt's ties with Islamic rulers Iran has roughly the same num- in Tehran started on the wrong the fleeing shah.

Egypt expelled the last Iranian diplomat earlier this year after accusing Tehran of financing antigovernment Muslim fundamentalist groups. Diplomats said the groundswell

of pro-Egypt sentiment built up dramatically in the Gulf Arab states after the Mecca riots at the Saudi Arabia accused Tehran

of instigating the violence in which more than 400 people, mostly Iranian pilgrims, were

Diplomats said the Saudis, who had taken a leading role in Arab affairs in the official absence of Egypt, had previously opposed firing Silkworm missiles which hit efforts to bring Cairo back into

eighth since 1968. Information Ministry buses on Monday drove several hundred poets 1,180 kilometres to the central Gulf warfront to see live shelling of Iranian positions.

Poets laud

Iraqi troops

BAGHDAD (R) — Hundreds of poets visiting Iraq were taken to

the Gulf warfront and some read

verse to gunners shelling Iranian

major offensive against Iraq.

launch a new aggression against

Iraq," he said.
"Iraq will stay strong and

steadfast and the feet of its noble

fighters shall trample on empty

Iranian heads... we shall protect

our land, our sovereignty, our

Iran is reported to have massed

about 250,000 troops for an ex-

pected new offensive on Basra,

Iraq's southern port city. Iraq

now has a similar number of

troops confronting the Iranians.

The Mirbad Poetry Festival -

named after one at the dawn of

Islam in the seventh century -

will move briefly to Basra, home

of the ancient Mirbad, in a ges-

independence.

diplomats here said.

Tuesday.

Some Arab and foreign poets read verses of support for the Iraqi gunners, participants said. since Israel abandoned develop-

Polisario defector meets U.N. team

(AP) — The highest-ranking denise the Polisario Movement to fluential member of the diplomafector from the Polisario guerrilla movement to reach the Moroccan controlled Western Sahara since the beginning of the bitter war over the territory was presented to a U.N. group.

positions, eyewitnesses said on He was Ramadan Ould Mohammad Nass, the Polisario's deputy More than 2,000 poets and chief in the diplomatic mission to writers are attending a week-long the Organisation of African Uniinternational poetry festival. Culty (OAU), former Polisario ture and Information Minister ambassador to Cuba, and cre-Latif Nassif Jassem told them on dited with having persuaded Tuesday Iran was massing for a numerous Latin American coun-"The Iranian regime is beating tries to recognise the Polisario as a legitimate liberation movethe drums of war once more to

ment. The group — a 15-nation technical mission to examine how to organise a referendum among the Western Sahara's inhabitants arrived in the territorial capital Saturday and was due to fly to

Algeria next week. Morocco annexed the former Spanish colony following Spain's withdrawal in 1975, claiming that all the territory's 10 tribes traditionally paid homage to the Sultan of Morocco for centuries prior to the Spanish occupation in the early 1900's. A Spanish census numbered 75,000 inhabitants at the time of the withdrawal.

Neighbouring Algeria refused to recognise the Moroccan pendence.

An estimated 6,000 Moroccan soldiers have died in the past decade in a guerrilla campaign waged by the Polisario from sanc- countries." tuaries in Algeria. About half the original inhabitants still live in the territory, together with some 100,000 Moroccan settlers.

tion now lives in camps around the Algerian oasis of Tindouf. Western military experts say the Polisario has failed to gain a other escapes in the future. permanent foothold in any part of

ne territory. Nass was presented to the U.N. mission to support the Moroccan presented the tribal chiefs of all the 10 Western Sahara tribes who proclaimed their attachment to the Moroccan "motherland" and

its king, Hassan II.

EL AYOUN, Western Sahara annexation and helped to orga- full-ranking ambassador and incampaign for the territory's inde- tic corps in the Cuban capital, he said, he had "privileged contacts with Cuban intelligence services and learned their strategy of disinformation aimed at the African

He said he managed to escape the surveillance of Polisario and Algerian security men in Tindonf about a month ago and fled The other half of the popula- across the Sahara to the Moroccan lines. He refused to give details about his escape to "avoid alerting" the Polisario and hinder

The U.N. mission members have refused to make any comment to reporters. They are due to fly in their special U.N. plane argument that the Saharans in to Nouakchott, capital of neigh-Tindouf were held there against bouring Mauritania, at the end of their will. The Moroccans also the week and then to Tindouf to visit the Saharan population in the camps.

Nass said the Algerians have barred previous U.N. visits to the camps because they were afraid Nass, a stocky, Spanish-trained such visits would disclose that engineer, told reporters he was most of the residents of these recruited by the Marxist-led Poli- camps - allegedly originating in sario while studying in Madrid as the Western Sahara - were "in a young man. "They deceived me reality citizens of Mali, Mauritafrom the beginning," he said. "It took me 15 years to realise it." nia, Nigeria and other desert-fringe nations suffering from: While serving in Havana as a years of drought."

ture of support for Iraq. Leading Iraqi poet Abdul Razzaq Abdul Wahid won a \$30,000 Israel, U.S. discuss deal for 75 F-16s two tankers and an oil-loading the Arab fold. But the whole picture Western diplomats said Egypt changed after Mecca," one diploprize Iraq awarded for the best TEL AVIV (R) — Israel and the ment of its Lavi fighter project could feel obliged to intervene mat concluded. poem from Iraqi, Arab and fore-

United States have begun negoign poets at the Mirbad, the tiating a deal to start supplying Israel with 75 U.S. F-16 jet fighters by 1991 at reduced prices, Defence Ministry Director General David Ivri said on Tuesday.

> Ivri returned from Washington after the first full U.S.-Israeli talks on strategic cooperation

three months ago to buy cheaper American F-16s. 'We entered the first round of

negotiations on the next purchase for shipments beginning in 1991.

"It is well known, I would say, that the administration is helping us to cut the price... and I believe the next deal will definitely be cheaper than the previous deal."

any event be cheaper than the 75 F-16s Israel bought previously. since the new planes would require fewer changes to their engines to meet Israeli needs.

The Jerusalem Post said Ivii told Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin on his return that the new-F-16s would cost Israel \$2 billion. compared with at least \$4.8 billion it would have cost to develop Ivri said the aircraft would in and build 90 Lavis.

'Kuwait has taken steps to counter Iranian missiles'

ABU DHABI, United Arab Emirates (AP) — Kuwaiti De-fence Minister Sheikh Salem Al Sabah said in remarks published Tuesday that his country has taken the necessary measures to deal with any possible Iranian missile attack. "We have taken certain mea-

sures to deal with a Silkworm attack in consultation with military experts," he told the United Arab Emirates newspaper Al Kuwait, which lies closest to

the 7-year-old Iraq-Iran war, has been the target of at least six Chinese-made Silkworm missile attacks by Iran which accuses the Kuwaiti government of aiding the Iraqi military effort.

ni official was quoted on Tuesday

as saying Muscat sought to main-

tain its historically close relations

with non-Arab Iran while trying

to end the Iran-Iraq war threaten-

ing neighbouring Gulf states.
Information Minister Abdul

Aziz Al Rowass told the Qatar

weekly Al A'hd in an interview:

"(Omani-Iranian) relations are

dictated by history and geogra-

The attacks in September and experience," he said.

October spurred intensive Kuwaiti efforts to boost its own missile and radar defence systems. Kuwaiti military experts were reported to be shopping for such ultra-modern gear and to consult with foreign counterparts in making ultimum use of the military equipment already in the

Sheikh Salem made no reference to an Egyptian military team currently in Kuwait for defence cooperation talks.

country.

However, Sheikh Salem told another UAE daily, Al Bayan, that the Gulf states were in the process of seeking Egyptian military expertise. "I think it is better to make use

of Egyptian rather than foreign

Other Gulf Arab states have

privately criticised Oman for its

lukewarm response to calls for a boycott of Tehran because of

what Saudi Arabia and Kuwait,

for example, see as Iranian pro-

Despite its close political and

trade ties with Iran, Oman joined

other Arab countries at a summit

earlier this month in condemning

Paper shows Swedish arms official knew about shipments

STOCKHOLM, Sweden (AP) — A newly disclosed document indicates the government official in charge of arms exports knew that weapons were being smuggled to the Middle East and failed to stop it, published reports have said.

The memorandum could be crucial in the criminal case against officials of the country's la gest arms company. Bofors AB, who have been indicted for illegal exports.

The reports said the note was found in the briefcase of Carl Algernon, the war materials inspector who fell to his death under a subway train in downtown Stockholm last January just before he was to be questioned in the affair.

Police said they did not suspect deals.

in the Iran-contra scandal at the

moment but indicated he would

Officials disclosed last week

that William Clark, a former

National Security Adviser and a

friend of Mr. Reagan, had writ-

ten to the president urging par-

do so in the future.

Reagan refuses to discuss

pardon for former aides

don for his former aides involved onel Oliver North.

murder, but did not rule out

Algernon's handwritten memorandum concerned an antiaircraft weapon sold to Singapore and later delivered to the Gulf state of Oman, the Dagens Nyheter newspaper reported. The war materials inspector

approves arms contracts and enforces Swedish policy which bans the sale of weaponry to any country in an area of conflict. Two former Bofors directors

have claimed Algernon knew about the sales to Oman. If true, it would strengthen the argument for the defence. In the pending prosecution a Bofors executive and an independent businessman are accused of mediating illegal

The two are key figures in the

secret sale of arms to Iran and

diversion of profits to U.S. contra

rebels in Nicaragua when the law

barred such aid. They are be-

lieved to be the focus of a probe

by special prosecutor Lawrence Walsh.

intervene in Awad case OCCUPIED JERUSALEM passport," Mr. Rabin told AP in (AP) — A group of American an interview. "But in the Awad Jews sent a telegram to U.S. case, he calls for civil disobedi-

U.S. Jews urge Shultz to

Secretary of state George P. Shultz Monday, urging the United States to convince Israel not to expel an Arab-American who advocates non-violent resistance to the Israeli occupation. The Americans, all Israeli resi-

vene on behalf of Mubarak citizenship. Dr. Awad was ordered to leave the country last Friday upon the

expiration of a three-month tourist visa, but he has defied the order and campaigned for support among Jews, Muslims and Christians.

The Israeli defence minister, Yitzhak Rabin, indicated support for an interior ministry decision not to extend Dr. Awad's visa, but added there were no immediate plans to expel him.

ence to the military government and the territories administered by us. Why grant him another tourist visa or extend his current

In the telegram presented to U.S. Consul Morris Draper, the dents, asked Mr. Shultz to inter- American Jews told Mr. Shultz: "Mubarak Awad and others like Palestinian who holds U.S. enjoy the same freedom of movement between the U.S. and Israel that we do.'

They also asked Mr. Shultz to convey their concern to the Israeli prime minister, Yitzhak Shamir, currently visiting the United States.

Mr. Draper told reporters after the meeting that U.S. officials had complained to the Israeli government about the Awad case and would persist in their efforts.

Dr. Awad is known for his philosophy of non-violent resist-"We are very sensitive about ance to the Israeli occupation of anyone who carries an American the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

UAE, British officials discuss Gulf developments 1008iu

Emirates (AP) — The United

UAE Minister of State for Awad, 44, a Jerusalem-born him who were born here must | Foreign Affairs Rashed Abdullah told his visiting British counter-part, David Mellor, that it was Mellor told the Emirates News according to official sources.

similar role in helping convene an 598. be named.

respect that the Palestinian peo-

He was also meet officials in. . .

the Dubai ruler, Sheikh Mohammad Ibn Rashid Al Maktoum, is-

currently scanning the central Gulf waters for mines widely be-Mr. Abdullah stressed in this lieved to have been laid by Iran, were aimed at securing freedom ple must be guaranteed their right of navigation in the strategic

phy. We seek to maintain good Iranian actions n the Gulf.

vocations.

Oman defends historic

relations with Tehran

DOHA (R) — A senior Omaties with Tehran."

JORDAN TELEVISION Tcl: 773111-19

PROGRA	MME ONE
15:30	Koran
15:50	Programme Review
	Woodje Woodpecker
	Children's programme
18:10	Local series
	Cairo Newsletter
	Local Programme
10-15	Programme review
20:00	News in Arabic
	Arabic series
21:30	Cultural programme Wrestling
23- 6 0	News summary

PROGRAMME TWO

23:10 ... "Hi De Hi" - Comedy series RADIO JORDAN

KADIO JORDAN		
855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM		
& partly on 45th KHz. SW		
Tel: 774111-19		
161. 77-771		
07:00 Light Music		
07:30 Newsdesk 08:00 Morning Show 10:00 News Summary 10:05 Morning Show Contd. 11:00 Men from the Ministry		
08:00 Morning Show		
10:00 News Summary		
10:05 Morning Show Contd.		
11.00 Man form the Minutes		
11:00 Men from the Ministry		
11:30 Songs from Movies 12:00 News Summary		
12:00 News Summary		
12:05 Readings		
12:30 Pop Session		
13:00 News Summary		
13:05 Pop Session		
14-00 News Bulletin		
14:10 Instrumentals		
14:30 Easy Listening		
15:00 Concert Hour		
16-00 News in Summary		
16:05 Instrumentals		
16-30 Old Favourites		
17:00 Jordan Weekly		
17:30 Pop Session		
18-00 News Summary		
18-65 Science Report		
19-30 Music		
19:00 News Desk		
in 30 Date with a Star		

Date with a Star

.. Evening Show

News Summary

TV & RADIO 22:06 Evening Show Continued 23:00 News Summary 23:05 Evening Show Continued News Headlines

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1323 KHz

06:00 World News 06:09 24 Hours: New Summary 06:30 Report on Religion 06:45 The World Today 07:00 Newsdesk 07:30 Meridian 08:00 World News 08:09 24 Hours: New Summary 08:30 Development '87 09:00 World News 09:09 Reflections 09:15 Classical News 09:09 Ref News 09:09 Reflections 09:15 Classical Record Review 09:30 Brain of Britain 1987 10:00 World News 16:09 British Press Review 19:15 The World Today 10:30 Financial News; Sports Roundup 10:45 Dave Gelly's Songbook 11:00 News Summary: Omnibus 11:30 Quote, Unquote 12:00 World News 12:09 News About Britain 12:15 Natu-ral Selection 12:25 A Letter from Wales 12:30 Meridian 13:00 Radio News red 13:15 Matternices in Minia Wales 12:30 Meridian 13:00 Radio Newsreel 13:15 Masterpiece in Minia-ture 13:25 The Farming World 13:45 Sports Round-up 14:00 World News 14:00 24 Hours: News Summary 14:30 Desclopment '87 14:45 Good Books 15:00 News Summary: Outlook 15:45 Report on Religion 16:00 Radio News-red 16:15 A Personal Look at Re-membrance 16:30 Don't Stop Now. It's Fundation 17:00 World News 17:15 A Personal Look at Remembrance 17:30 Two Cheers for November 17:45 The

Two Cheers for November 17:45 The World Today 18:00 World News 18:09

A Letter from Wales 18:15 Training for Tomorrow 18:30 New Ideas 18:50 Sports Round-up 19:00 Newsdesk 19:30 Multitrack-2 — Top Twenty 20:00 News Summary: Outlook 20:30 Stock Market Report 20:45 Goud Books 21:30 Assignment Summary: Network U.X.

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740, 11925 and 15210 Hz 06:00 News 06:10 Newsline 06:30 VOA Morning 07:00 News 07:10 Newsline 07:30 VOA Morning 08:00 News 08:10 Newsline 08:30 VOA Morning 09:00 News 09:10 Newsline 09:30 VOA Morning 18:00 News 18:10 Newsline 18:30 Music USA 19:00 News 19:10 Focus 19:30 Special English News & Features 20:00 News 20:10 Newsline 20:30 Magazine Show 21:00 Newsline 21:10 Focus 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:00 News 22:10 Newsline America 22:30 Music USA Jazz 23:00 News & Editorial 23:15 Jazz 23:00 News & Editorial 23:15 Music USA Jazz 24:09 News 00:10

WHAT'S GOING ON **TODAY'S EVENTS**

WASHINGTON (R) — President Reagan has said he would Adviser John Poindexter and his

not discuss the subject of a par- aide U.S. Marine Lieutenant Col-

EXHIBITIONS

☆ An Indian Gold and Silver Jewellery exhibition at the Plaza Hotel (until Nov. 27),

☆ An exhibition of paintings by Ayyad Al Nimer at the Petra Bank Gallery — Wadi Saqra (until Nov. 25). ☆ Soviet painting exhibition at Alia Art Gallery (until Nov. 25).

★ An exhibition of watercolours of Amman, Salt, Jerash and Petra by British watercolourish Mary Jose at the Gallery of the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel (until Nov. 30)

Soviet book exhibition at the Profes sional Associations Complex in

FILMS

★ Feature film "To kill a mocking Bird" at 7:00 p.m. at the American

Company

On the Co

CULTURAL CENTRES

MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum." Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00

a.m - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.
Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. Amman. Opening hours: 9:00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Holihirst and third Wednesday at the Holi-day Inn. 1:30 p.m.

Lious Philadelphia Club. Meetings ev-ery second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel. 7:30 p.m.

Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.

Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel. 2:00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman. Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Amunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. 637440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, Tel. (61757, Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic), Jahal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian lanp.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodra) Abdali, Tel. 623541. Anglican Church (Church of the Re-deenter) Jabal Amman, Tel. 678906, chaplant's residence tel. 601359. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafieh, Tel. 771331.

Armenian Orthodox Church Ashra-fich, Tel. 775261. ocn. 1ct. //3201.

St. Ephrain Church (Svrian Orthodox) Ashrafich, Tel. 771751.

Amman International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptisi School in Shmeisani, Tel. 677534. Evangelical Lutheran Church (Church of the Good Shepherd) Amman, Ara-bic Service: Sunday 7 p.m., Rev. N. Smir, tel. 811295

Smir, ici. 81293
Rainbow Congregation (meets at the Good Shepherd's Church) Interdenominational-ecumenical English Service: Saturday at 6:30 p.m. tel. 822605. Rev. Veli.
The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints (Mormon) Tel. 815817, 821264.

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)
 09:15
 Agaba (RJ)

 09:30
 Cairo (RJ)

 09:30
 Kuwait (RJ)

 09:30
 Damascus (RJ)

 09:50
 Dhahran (RJ)

 10:00
 Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ)

 16:45
 Cairo (RJ)

 17:40
 Athers (RJ)
 . Athens (RJ)

18:05 Los Angeles. Chicago, Vienna (RJ) . Riyadh (RJ)

18:50 New York. Amsterdam (RJ)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

Kuwait (LN Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF) Kuwaii (KU) Jeddah, Medina (SV) Baghdad (IA)
Frankfurt (LH)
Paris, Damascus (AF) 17:30 Tripoli, Damascus (PK)

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

_______ Aqaba (RJ) ______ Vienna. New York (RJ) ______ Athens (RJ) ______ Geneva, London (RJ) . Dhahran Bahrain, Doha (R Baghdad (R Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ)

FOR THE TRAVELLER OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

. Cairo. London (BA) Larnaca. Zurich (SR) Damascus, Tripoli (PK)
..... Cairo (MS) Beirut (ME) Damascus, Sana'a ([Y] | 12:00 | | 13:00 | | 13:45 | Doha, Abu Dhabi (Gr.) | 15:90 | Kuwait (KU) | 16:40 | Medina, Jeddah (SV.) | 18:30 | Baghdad (IA.) | Karachi (PK.)

MONEY EXCHANGE

Tu	iesday r	ates
Local sell be	n rates it	e fils
Belgian franc	. 95 1/	46.4
Duich guilder	176 6/	180.4
French frane	58.tV	59.7
Italian lira		
Japanese yen (for 100).	216.9/	251.8
Swedish crown	55/	56.1
Swiss franc		247.7
U.K. sterling pound		605.8
U.S. dollar	່ ເນັ້ນ	
W. German mark		203.1

PRAYER TIMES

11:21 14:12	Fa (Sunrec) Duh Dhuh A: Maghre
	WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be fair. Light and variable winds will become southwesterly at times. In Aqaba, winds will be northermoderate and calm sea.

1*10114	mes.	ICIIII	и,
Amman	••	4/3	n
Agaba		14 / 7	6
Deserts		8/2	1
Jordan Valley		14 / 3	6
Yesterday's high tempere man 21. Aqaba 26. Humid Amman 37 per cent. Ac	atures lity rea	: An	1- s:
Amman 37 per cent. Ac	aba .	30 De	r

Mr. Mellor, minister of state 1211 - 1 ABU DHABI, United Arab added. Arab Emirates, current chairman for foreign and Commonwealth of the six-nation Gulf Coopera- affairs, arrived in the UAE capit-

tion Council (GCC), on Tuesday al of Abu Dhabi late Monday for urged Britain and the European two days of talks.
Community (EC) to help push He was also mee through a U.N. Security Council resolution to end the Iran-Iraq

necessary that the United King- Agency (WAM) that the purpose dom and the EC support the of his first-ever visit to the UAEregional and international efforts to end the Iran-Iraq hostilities, velopments and efforts to end the ccording to official sources. Iran-Iraq war through imple-The UAE minister also urged a mentation of U.N. Resolution

international peace conference to settle the Middle East problem, naval vessels and minesweepers. said the sources who declined to

Dubai, the second largest in the seven-emirate UAE the son of

Mr. Mellor also said British

to self-determination, they waterway.

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS. **EMERGENCIES GENERAL**

Amman governorate 891228 Anman Civil Defence 198, 199 Civil Defence (198, 199) Civil Defence Quwessmeh 770733 Civil Defence Deir Alla 57306 Ambulance 193, 775111 Amman downtown fire brigate 1936

Civil Defence Deir Alla 57306
Ambulance 193, 775111
Amman downtown fire brigade 198
First aid 530,41
Blood Bank 778303
Civil Defence rescue 661111
Fire headquarters 622090,3
Police rescue 192, 62(11), 637777
Police headquarters 939141
Traffic police 846390/1
Electric Power Co. 136381/4, 624881
Municipal water complaints 771125/8
Oueen Alia Intl. Airport (08)53330/60

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre	813813/32
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn	644281/6
Akileh Maternity, J. Amn.	642441/2
Jabal Amman Maternity	642362
Mulhas. J. Amman	636140
Palestine. Shmeisani	664171/4
Shinerani Hosnital	KAU121
University Hospital	014045
Al-Muasher Hospital	0120713
The Islamia Abrali	(9)/22//9
The Islamic, Abdali	00012//3/
Al-Ahli. Abdali	004104/6
Italian, Al-Muhaireen	777101/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich	775111/26
Army, Marka	891611/15
Utileen Alia Hyspital	60377 <i>4015</i> 0
Amal Hospital	674155
· ····································	0/7130

ZARQA: Dr. Khalil Abu Hussein 985000

Upper-lower price in file	s ner ka	Guana	WH / 3
pple (different kinds)	200 / 150	Guava	200/2
nnle (French)	400 : 270	Lemon	1107
pple (French)	4007 / 350	Mandarin	130 / 1
JANA	350 / 300	Marrow	130 / 9
anana (Mukammar)	300 / 240	Olive (green)	750 / 6
Cans	160 / 120	Olive (Electr)	200 2 51
abbage	100 / 70	Olive (black)	DUV/
auliflower	170 / 00	Onion (dry)	160 / 14
ICItables	1201 80	Oranges (Abu surra)	280 / 22
ucumbers	270 / 200	Oranges (Chammouti)	200 / 13
ales	380 / 30Q	Pepper (hot)	120 / 8
geplant (large)	70 / 50	Pennor (remark)	120 / 8
explan((small)	160 / 200	Pepper (sweet)	200 / 75
arnc	450 / 260	Potato	JUL . ~
rapes (black)		Raddish	80/2
rapefruit	400 / 300	Spinach	100 / /
aberiell minimum.	140 / UH	T	vin / 1

Hotel complaints Price complaints

(^{ion}tations

State Ste.

NIGHT DUTY

Telephone Information Jordan and Middle East calls

Overseas calls

Repair service.

AMMAN-

AND TATALANTA	
Dr. Mousa Bashir	4154
Dr. Joseph Imseih Dr. Hisham Arkoub	7705
Dr. Hisham Arkoub	90212
Dr. Dawoud Al Samhouri	07312
First phoen are	//85.
Firas pharmacy	00191
Ferdows pharmacy	78733
ALASCIDA DARRITA DEL	£270C
ranoukii bilamaa	6 6
Al Salam pharmacy	63673
TAXIS:	
Kayyali taxi	63673
Taxina taxi	61160
Tamer taxi	CCC 44
Raghdan (axi	00070 04740
Ranah sari	(P4240)
Raqab taxi	/3012
Savel taxi	//6(3)
IRBID:	
IVBID:	
Dr. Hamzeh 'Anakreh	240759
Fuad pharmacy	(—)

MARKET PRICES

no tel vs.	Guava	280/2
300 / 250	Lemon	110/8
400 / 350	Mandarin	130 / 9
350 / 300	Marrow	130 / 9
300 / 240	Olive (green)	750 / 65
160 / 120	Olive (black)	600 / 50
100 / 70	Onion (dry)	160 / 13
120 / 80	Oranges (Abu surra)	280 / 22
270 / 200	Oranges (Chammouti)	200 / 15
380 / 300	Pepper (hot)	120 / 8
70 / 50	Pepper (sweet)	120 / 8
160 / 100	Potato	300 / 25
450 / 350	Raddish	80/5
400 / 300	Spinach	100 / 7
130 / 90	Tomatocs	110/7
	tonerocs	110,

MMAN (J.T.) Minister of lucation Thougan Hindawi said 1 Tuesday that the ministry has ade new amendments to the gulations on school examinains and holidays for the scholas-: year 1987-1988.

Under these amendments the neral secondary certificate exnination, previously scheduled r Jan. 16, will now be held on n. 2, while school examinations the compulsory and secondary ages will be held on Dec. 16. The first term holiday starts on ec. 24 and ends on Jan. 15, the inister added.

In an interview with Jordan elevision, Mr. Hindawi said that e amendments were made in sponse to the recommendations the National Conference on Jucation, which received the ecial attention and full support His Majesty King Hussein and is Royal Highness Crown ince Hassan.

On the objectives of the nendments, Mr. Hindawi said at they are aimed at giving idents the opportunity to paripate in various activities and mps, organised and supervised the Education Ministry, where ey practice their hobbies.

F pportunities for these activities for these activities through three ng holidays during the These breaks include: winter diday, which will last three

> æks; and, summer vacation, o months. The second objective, Mr. Hinwi added, is to relieve students the burden of constant ex-

eks; spring holiday, two

The Education Minister said in the new measures are also ended to ease tension in stufor achievement at school.

To ease such tension, the ministry has made an arrangement whereby students taking general examinations will take examinations every other day, thus giving them ample time to study. Moreover, students will have a week holiday before the examination to prepare.

In practical terms, this means that students will not be required to take the trial examinations, which are, to a great extent, the same as of the Tawjihi exam.

In addition to this, pupils will be required to take the examination at 9:00 a.m., instead of 8:00 a.m. as was the case in previous years, thereby giving them more time to sleep or prepare before

Mr. Hindawi said that the decision was made after lengthy, detailed studies, which took two years to complete. Throughout the process, he said, "the first interest was always the students."

In response to a question about the fears these changes might cause for Tawjihi students, particularly as the examination date was moved up to Jan. 2 from Jan. 16, the minister said, "in practical terms, the examination has only been predated four days not 11 days as students might think, because students were expected to take a seven-day trial examination, which was cancelled by the new amendment."

"On the contrary, students will benefit from these seven days, because it will be a holiday for them to study for the examination, Mr. Hindawi added.

Under the new amendments, the summer vacation was shortened to two months from three, while the spring holiday was crents, resulting from the atmos- ated. The summer vacation will () [] | ere of hard work and striving be from June 18 to Aug. 17.

evelopsymposium to review ordan-EC relations

an Community (EC) will open ' symposium. the Ministry of Higher Educaown Prince Hassan.

The symposium has been orga- and the EC. ed by the Royal Scientific Soci-(RSS) in cooperation with the niversity and Oxford University Middle East.

AMAN (J.T.) - A symposium of Britain, according to Dr. Jordan's relations and econo- Mohammad Simadi, chairman of c integration with the Euro- a committee preparing for the

He said that the symposium. n on Saturday, under the pat- will review working papers coverhage of His Royal Highness ing virtually all aspects of economic relations between Jordan

Dr. Simadi said that the symposium will also discuss the EC's -iversity of Jordan, Yarmouk relations with the countries of the

reputies hail summit outcome

ab solidarity and unity, Mr.

oud said. Mr. Jaabari said that the Palese problem won due attention ring the summit and he would ve liked to see the summit give One sort of relief support" for : Palestinian people living der Israeli occupation.

The Hebron deputy also n-Iraq war. plementation of the 1954 Joint

> ab Defence Pact against the intinuous threats exerted on r nation by the Israelis and

Vir. Mubaslat said that all ions of Egypt" and hence success."

(Continued from page 1) should offer Cairo all possible means of support to enable Egypt gathering which gave birth to to regain its leading role in joint Arab work.

Mr. Hijazi, who is also deputy speaker of the House, praised the summit for achieving reconciliation among Arab leaders that cleared inter-Arab disputes.

The deputy speaker paid tribute to His Majesty's outstanding success and expressed his thanks to Mr. Rifai.

He said that words and phrases included in the cables which His Majesty received from Arab lead-Mr. Mubaslat called for the ers and foreign heads of state were a true manifestation of their true appreciation to the King's patience, wisdom, intelligence and heroism. "I pray that God will bless King Hussein in all steps he makes to make the Amabs should "consider the con- man summit resolutions a total

Krasnaya Zvezda last week re-

ported a similar incident between

a Iranian frigate and the Soviet

destroyer, Štoiki, which was

It quoted the destroyer com-

mander, Captain M. Volk, as

saying: "Suddenly an Iranian fri-

gate approached the tanker and

began to manoeuvre dangerous-

ly, training its guns on the

Capt. Volk, the paper added,

warned the Iranian vessel to stay

away, but the frigate "maintained

"I took the decision to sail up close, and take the necessary

The executives said a French

warship, which they also could

not identify, was challenged by an

Iranian frigate on Monday in the

southern Gulf. The Iranians, they

said, told the French vessel not to

approach them "without permis-

Friction previously was re-

its dangerous course."

escorting the tanker Argun.

onfrontations on the rise in Gulf

(Continued from page I)

They also said a Soviet rship, which could not be idened, aimed its guns at an Iran frigate near the Hormuz on

'The confrontation occurred at end of an eventful day, after Iranian navy warship and poss-/a speedboat had attacked two rehant ships near the Hor-Z." said one salvage executive. The frigate, also believed to be Alvand, had attacked the manian tanker, Fundulea, and

Taiwanese-operated bulk car-J. Uni-Master, the executive action to prevent an attack," he led. Then it "manoeuvred susadded. hously near the Soviet rship," one of six units the net maintain in the region. 'We heard the Iranians tell the

viets, 'you've secured my R. meaning the Russians had ked their radar and guns on Iranian vessel," he said.

When the Soviets did not reand, the Iranians said: "Soviet rship, this is Iranian warship. n you read me?" The Soviets, h a firm voice, replied: "Yes,

id and clear." The Iranians "presumably we away," the salvage execumany as 80 foreign warships and

es added. The Soviet army newspaper

ported between U.S. navy units and Iranian warships. Attacks on tanker routes, a spillover of the Iran-Iraq war, have led to the gathering of as

minesweepers in the strategic

Crown Prince calls for more attention to humanitarian issues in inter-faith dialogue it of tolerance and coexistence worship the letter of religious between the two faiths. Islamic-Christian consultation

concluded here on Monday night with a call by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan for more attention to the humanitarian issues that form the basic goals of

In a speech at the closing session, the Crown Prince urged more moderation and centrism in thought and attitude in dealing with the problems suffered by the entire world.

Prince Hassan pointed out that Islamic-Christian meetings were a continuing link for a balanced. scientific treatment of the problems encountered by Christians and Muslims in different countries of the world, particularly in the Arab World, which has maintained throughout history, a spir-

He said that the extremist tendencies that occasionally surface from Muslim or Christian quarters were not the rule and did not correspond with Islamic and Christian religious teachings.

The Crown Prince called on participants in the meeting to prepare for the fifth Islamic-Christian dialogue, scheduled to be held in Switzerland next year. At the conclusion of its deliberations, the meeting reported

sing Muslim-Christian coexistence and related issues. The report said that disruptions in Muslim-Christian coexistence throughout history were exceptions that occurred when one of

on its recommendations, addres-

texts at the time when the country inhabited by both parties was

exposed to a foreign invasion. In addition, the report stressed that a peaceful Muslim-Christian coexistence was necessary for facing problems of the future.

The report also pointed to the problem of religious extremism and called for a continuation of dialogue and rational religious education as means to combat spread of extremism.

Also in the consultation's closing session, the participants sent cables of thanks to His Majesty King Hussein and the Crown Prince, expressing gratitude to them for their special attention to enriching the dialogue between the two parties attempted to the Islamic and Christian faiths.

Lower House endorses law for establishing judicial training academy

can enroll at the institute.

masters and doctoral degrees in

law from sitting for the exam.

year diploma in legal sciences.

retake them the following year.

have priority over other candi-

training will benefit from the gov-

(as deputy chairman), chief of

public prosecutors, the Legisla-

tion Bureau chief, a judge

appointed on a two-year basis,

the dean of the Faculty of Law at the University of Jordan and the

president of the Jordan Bar Asso-

to the law, will be to outline the

academy's general policies, to

suggest the curricula and decide

on the number of students to be

accepted every year, to define

examination standards, to en-

dorse examination results, to

Hmoud briefs Lower House

on flood report

Also on Tuesday, Agriculture Minister Marwan Hmoud briefed

the Lower House on the results of

a report assessing the material

damages and losses, as well as

devastation of land and agricultu-

ral produce, incurred as a result

of storms and flash floods which

recently struck parts of Jordan.

ments after Deputy Fawzi Shaker

Mr. Hmoud made these state-

The council's duties, according

public sector institutions.

ieral, who will be app

the prime minister.

Graduates of the academy will

Students at the academy will

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Lower House of Parliament on Tuesday unanimously endorsed a law for the establishment of Jordan's firstever judicial academy responsible for the training of personnel to fill judiciary posts and upgrading the qualifications of judges and jur-ists already working in public institutions.

The academy will enroll judicial personnel who carry a bachelors degree in law who have been working in the fields of law or legal consultancy for a minimum of two years, as well as personnel who have been occupying public judicial positions or performing clerical jobs in courts.

The academy will be an affiliate to the Ministry of Justice, and a seven-member council will supervise its activities and design its institutional policies. The establishment of the

academy, together with amendments to be introduced to the penal code and the Supreme Court, will complement the government's high-powered drive to modernise legislation and increase judicial efficiency.

Following the endorsement of the law by the Lower House. Justice Minister Riad Al Shaka'a said he expected the academy to be operational by mid-1988.

The academy will be set up after the 1987 law governing it passes through the legal cycle, which requires, now, an endorsement by the Upper House of Parliament and a Royal Decree approving the law.

Mr. Shaka'a said that after the law passes through the legislative cycle, "we have to complete all procedural measures for the academy's creation, including recruiting full-time professors, defining enrollment fees and designing management policies," before it becomes fully operational in a six months time.

In an interview with the Jordan Times, Mr. Shaka'a refused to disclose the preliminary expenses for setting up the two-year training institute. However, he said he had asked the government for "an adequate sum" to cover the starting and early operational

The academy's budget will be part of the ministry's annual budget. Other costs will be covered by special donations and student fees.

"The academy," according to Mr. Shaka'a, "is a breakthrough in Jordan's judicial history and will certainly upgrade the job qualifications of all those who implement the law."

"If laws are one of the basic needs for the development of a civilised community, the pillars of justice go beyond these laws to cover the judicial apparata and personnel, who have to be specialised, well-informed and exgoals behind these laws," Mr. ment for a clarification of the

Shaka'a told the Jordan Times. Under the law, only Jordanians

A task force committee responsible for the assessment of However, the academy's council these losses was formed by His is allowed to make regulations Royal Highness Crown Prince governing the admission of stu-Hassan on Oct. 16, after he paid dents from Arab and Muslim an inspection visit to the area of South Shuneh in the Jordan Valcountries. Students wishing to attend the academy have to sit for ley. The storms also struck parts a special entrance exam. Howevof the Zarqa Governorate. er, the law exempts holders of

Mr. Hmoud, also chairman of the task force committee, said he forwarded the report to Prime Minister Zaid Rifai.

undergo theoretical and applied The report made a detailed studies, in addition to research breakdown of names of people work, before they receive a twowhose property and agricultural lands were devastated and suggested "very important" recom-Students who fail their studies mendations to avoid similar damduring the first year will be expelage which could be caused by led from the institute. But those future natural disasters. who do not pass their second year

He said he expected the examinations will be allowed to Cabinet to announce its decisions on the report in the next few days. The report has already been presented to Prince Hassan.

dates wishing to enroll in the According to information available, preliminary losses were Civil servants who are sent for estimated at JD 2 million, and the total area of devastated agricultuernment's laws regarding schoral land was put at 6,000 dunums. Citizens in urgent need at the

larships given to its employees. The academy's policies, to be time were given financial and charted by the seven-man counin-kind help from various public cil, will be executed by a director institutions, Mr. Hmoud said. He did not say whether the report considered any compensation for The council is chaired by the low-income people and smalljustice minister and includes: the scale farmers. chief of the Court of Cassation The report, he said, made

short, medium and long-term recommendations for the prevention of similar incidents in the future. The House also decided to

send back to the legal committee the 1982 temporary law on landlords and tenants.

The law was expected to be passed during Tuesday's session, but several issues regarding its articles needed further research and evaluation. Hence, the deputies decided to return the legislation back to the committee "for deeper evaluation." appoint staff and to carry out.

contracts with part-time profes-The House referred to its Legal Committee a number of draft The council can also decide on laws and amendments to existing holding workshops for judges laws. They included: draft law covering a supplement to the working in the judicial apparata to upgrade their capabilities and 1987 budget, an amendment performance. In addition, the to the 1987 law on the Jordan academy's council can also orga-Economic and Social Organisanise training courses for those working in clerical jobs at local tion for Retired Military Servants, an amendment to the 1987 law on military service and a draft law for the practice of veterinary

> They also referred to the Legal Committee two loan agreements entered between the government of Jordan and the Saudi Arabian Fund for Development and the Kuwaiti Fund for Arab Economic

Development, respectively. The loan from the Saudi fund will be used to cover parts of Faculty of Medicine at the Jordan University of Science and Technology, while the other loan will be used to finance phase two of perienced in order to realise the Al Touaimeh asked the govern- the Aqaba Thermal Power Sta-

Symposium tackles issues in computer science education techniques, applications

AMMAN (J.T.) — A three-day symposium on the transfer of computer technology discussed on Tuesday working papers dealing with the Arabisation of computer science, computer education techniques and the application of computers in engineering. particularly in construction, and

in open university education. Two-hundred engineers and computer specialists from Jordan, other Arab and foreign countries are participating in the symposium, which opened on Monday.

The opening session was gineers Association (JEA) which Majali.

Dr. Majali briefed the particinants on the university's programmes and facilities and the different conferences and seminars that it regularly holds for helping researchers, and for enabling them to exchange experience and information in computer science.

Ibrahim Abu Ayyash. president of the Jordanian En- tion's activities.

addressed by University of Jor- is organising the symposium, dan President Abdul Salam Al made a speech at the opening session in which he stressed the JEA's leading role in the development, construction and technology-absorption proces-

> Dr. Rawhi Al Sharif, the chairman of a committee that prepared for the symposium in cooperation with the World Federation of Engineering Organisation (WFEO), outlined the federa-

Pharmacist is partner in providing health care to all citizens — Hamzeh

AMMAN (J.T.) — Jordan is seeking provide primary health care to all citizens and considers the pharmacist, along with the other medical professions, as a basic partner in this process. Minister of Health Zaid Hamzeh said here Tuesday.

Addressing the opening session of the 11th meeting of the Arab Pharmacists Federation's (APF) higher council, Dr. Hamzeh said that the Health Ministry spends 20 per cent of its annual budget on primary health care. In addition, Dr. Hamzeh demanded that Egypt be returned as a full member in the federation.

APF Chairman Tahseen Jihad also spoke at the opening session. noting that the outcome of the extraordinary Arab summit in Amman has encouraged Arab pharmacists to play an even greater role in the process of economic and social development in the Arab World.

Mr. Jihad said that the federation, which groups pharmacists unions from various Arab coun-

tries, looks forward to the establishment of a pan-Arab pharmaceutical industry and the creation of a united Arab market for absorbing Arab-made phar-maceuticals. He added that the APF supports further scientific research in pharmacology. Mr. Ahmad Munir Al Hafez.

deputy chairman of the federation, said in his speech that the pharmacists were seeking a strong economic basis for establishing a pharmaceuticals industry that can end the monopoly of foreign firms and, thereby contribute to medicine security in the Arab World. Tayseer Al Himsi, president of

the Jordanian Pharmacists Association (JPA), said that the APF is aimed at encouraging coopera-

ions, raising the standard of the pharmacy profession in the Arab World and promoting scientific research in pharmacology.

The three-day meeting will discuss recommendations passed by the second meeting of the deans of faculties of pharmacy in the Arab universities, which ended here on Monday. The participants approved a project by the APF, which calls for the setting up of a scientific academy for pharmaceutical sciences,

The conference's recommendations stressed the necessity of the use of Arabic for the teaching of pharmacology in the Arab World. The participants also called for the exchange of faculty members between Arab universities and the conclusion of bilateral agreements between these faculties.

They also agreed on holding a specialised seminar to discuss present pharmacelogy curricula



Health Minister Zaid Hamzeh chairs the Tuesday opening session of the meeting of the Arab Pharmacists Federation. Dr. Hamzeh stressed the important role of the pharmacist in providing primary

health care (Petra photo)

WHO team leaves after talks on prospect of genetic research centre

designed.

AMMAN (J.T.) — A delegation representing the World Health Organisation (WHO) on Tuesday abilities caused by hereditary diseases, in preparation for setting the WHO is traited at a available on distribution of the Who is traited at a validable on distribution of the Who is traited at a validable on distribution of the Who is traited at a validable on distribution of the Who is traited at a validable on distribution of the Who is traited at a validable on distribution of the Who is traited at a validable on distribution of the Who is traited at a validable on distribution of the Who is traited at a validable on distribution of the Who is traited at a validable on distribution of the Who is traited at a validable on distribution of the Who is traited at a validable on distribution of the Who is traited at a validable on distribution of the Who is traited at a validable on distribution of the Who is traited at a validable on distribution of the Who is traited at a validable on the Who is traited at the Who is traited at the Who is trai wound up a visit to Jordan and left for home.

While here, they discussed with the Ministry of Health a proposal for setting up a special laboratory and centre for the study of genes and hereditary diseases.

They met with Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid, who is also president of the Jordan Eyes Bank Friends Society, and Minister of Labour and Social Development Khaled Haj

The meeting stressed the need for establishing such a laboratory and for drawing up an integrated plan for studying hereditary dis-

The participants also emphasised the need for analysing the eases, in preparation for setting up research priorities. Once priorities are set, then a programme for early diagnosing of couples, before marriage, will be

Mr. Haj Hassan pledged his ministry's full support of the project and confirmed that a census would be conducted in Jordan. with attention given to hereditary diseases and disabilities, with a view to identifying the categories and size of the problem.

The same subject was discussed at a separate meeting between the WHO delegation and Health Minister Zaid Hamzeh.

Dr. Hamzeh said his ministry was willing to undertake the necessary studies and collect the

tres throughout the Kingdom. In addition, the delegation vi-

sited the Jordanian Sports Federation for the Handicapped where they were briefed by Prince Raid on the federation's establishment and objectives. The delegation members also visited the Hussein Society for the Physically Handicapped and were briefed by the society's president. Princess Maida on its activities and the services.

Princess Majda said that the society is financed through donations and contributions from citizens. However, she noted that the society maintains close cooperation with ministries of health, social development and the Queen Alia Jordan Social Wel-

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Hopes of faith

THE fourth session of the Islamic-Christian consultation concluded here Monday evening amidst renewed hopes that the groundwork laid by participants so far would one day grow into a greater and more broadly-based dialogue between the two faiths and that this dialogue and cooperation would soon encompass Judaism — the other major monotheistic religion. There is no doubt that the success achieved thus far on the long road to greater tolerance and deeper understanding, based on mutual respect and understanding between Christianity and Islam, will reach new heights in the next phases of the dialogue. We hope, as well, that this dialogue and this understanding move beyond the level of official theology to become a facet of popular interaction between the Muslim and Christian masses. Certainly, this process, at one stage or another, will necessitate rooting out elements of hatred and animosity that still permeate the Muslims and Christian masses. And there is no better way to accomplish that formidable task than by erasing all of the ill-conceived historical references and misinterpretations which contain the seeds of religious intolerance and stereotyping.

As we salute the eminent participants in the Amman gathering and commend them for their unswerving efforts to encourage harmony and tolerance between their respective congregations, we also look forward to the day when theologians and high level representatives from all Christian and Islamic sects and denominations will meet under one roof, preferably in the holy city of Jerusalem, to mark the summit of the two religions and crown the success of the ongoing effort. There is no doubt in our minds that when the fifth session of the Islamic-Christian dialogue is convened in Geneva next year, much progress will be made towards the achievement of our mutual aspirations for peace and justice in confronting the forces of evil and

The modern age has provided many examples of religion being exploited for unholy purposes. From Lebanon to Iran and Northern Ireland, religion has been manipulated by different forces for political goals, and the high price that we pay for this manipulation continues to drain our resources and the fundamental values of human relations that we cherish. Such manipulation serves nobody except the destructive forces in these communities and results in a cycle of conflict and violence, virtually uncontrollable once the fire of hatred ignites. We must not allow this cycle to continue and threaten the little chance that may be left for peaceful coexistence.

The Israeli threats to Jerusalem's character and the extremist brand of revolutionary religion practised by the mullahs of Tehran are real explosive threats to the region and its peoples. We hope that our neighbours to the west and to the east will realise the magnitude of

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra i: King pursues reconciliation

IT is natural for the Arab masses to watch with confidence and satisfaction King Hussein's coming visits to Damascus and Baghdad because they are needed to help promote the process of normalising relations between them. This process started at the extraordinary Arab summit meeting in Amman and in fact it was one of the most fruitful results of that meeting. But the three capitals: Amman, Damascus and Baghdad are all keen on implementing the summit's resolutions and to carry out its recommendations and anything that is useful and beneficial for a sound Arab march. According to Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri who revealed the news about the King's coming visit, the three Arab states are, like the other sister Arab countries, keen on helping to end the on-going Gulf conflict. For this reason the Arabs are now embarking on implementing the summit's resolutions and are taking steps to reconsider their relations with any country that sells arms to Iran. If the Arabs are serious in their endeavour, they will regain a strong credibility within the world community; and will no doubt help to put an end to the seven-yearold conflict. Mr. Masri said that Jordan will remain committed to the Palestine cause and will continue to regard the Palestine Liberation Organisation as the sole and legitimate representative of the Palestinian people. He said that for the Palestine question to be resolved, the U.N. should invite the PLO to take part in the peace process on equal footing with the other parties. Mr. Masri's statement and the news they contained brought about relief to the Arab masses in general and the Jordanian people in particular.

Al Dustour: King reiterates stand

AT a meeting with a visiting Soviet friendship delegation. King Hussein re-emphasised Jordan's firm stand with regard to national questions. She said that Jordan believes that the only way of achieving peace lies in convening an international conference which will allow all parties to the conflict to take part on equal footing. Secondly, Jordan continues to back international efforts for the implementation of U.N. Security Council Resolution 598 to end the Gulf war. The leader of the Soviet delegation in reply reiterated his country's continued support for the King's efforts and Jordan's moves towards resolving the Middle East problem by peaceful means. He said that Moscow and Amman hold identical views on a host of world issues in general and the Palestine question and the Gulf conflict in particular. He said that Moscow wants an end to the Gulf war so that peace and security can be safeguarded around the world. We deeply appreciate the Soviet Union's stand and support for the Arab just causes and we hope that Moscow will pursue its efforts to put an end to regional conflicts and help the Pulestinians regain their legitimate rights in their homeland.

Sawt Al Shaab: Jordan stands firm

KING Hussein has reiterated Jordan's stand vis-a-vis the issues of the Middle East during his meeting on Monday with the visiting Soviet friendship delegation. This Jordanian stand actually reflects the Arab Nation's stand as crystallised at the Amman summit meeting earlier this month and which call for the establishment of a genuine and lasting peace in the Middle East an end to the Gulf conflict. In fact this Jordanian stand has won the support and appreciation of many countries and the Arab Nation at large. Jordan under the leadership of King Hussein has succeeded in winning over credibility to the Arab Nation through the Amman summit which advocated the convening of an international conference to solve the Middle East question and the implementation of U.N. Security Council Resolution 598 to end the Gulf war by peaceful means. The Soviet Union is one of the major world nations which has been supporting Jordan's endeavours and this friendly nation has been displaying continued support for the Arab stand over the past years and voicing condemnation of aggression against the Arab World.

Independent Humanitarian Commission wins U.N. support

By Dr. Waleed Sadi

FORTY ONE United Nations member states recently submitted a draft resolution to the General Assembly containing an expression of deep appreciation and gratitude to the Independent Commission on International Humanitarian Issues and its Chairmen Crown Prince Hassan and Prince Saddrudin Aga Khan for their dedicated and relentless efforts to promote the unfinished cause of humanitarian endeavours worldwide. The proposed resolution which is expected to be adopted unanimously before the end of the on-going session of the General Assembly also asks the Independent Commission to transmit its final report to the member states of the United Nations and to the U.N. specialised programmes and agencies as well as to non-governmental organisations concerned with humanitarian issues for their examination tion unanimously adopted in 1981 proposed new International

and scrutiny. The draft resolution in the wake of a proposal submitfurther asks the U.N. secretary general to maintain contacts with governments, the U.N. specialised programmes and agencies and the concerned non-governmental organisations with a view to submitting to the forthcoming session of the General Assembly a progress report on the basis of the informations and views submitted to the secretary general by the various sides whose views and ideas were solicited. In the final operative paragraph of the draft resolution mention is made of the need to examine the subject of establishing a new international humanitarian order at the next session of the General Assembly its final report was examined and of the U.N.

It will be recalled that the Independent Commission on International Humanitarian Issues was established by a U.N. resolu-

The second circle: The

two Yemens

Inter-Yemeni relations oddly

embrace diametrically opposed

concepts — union at almost any

price and no compromise on prin-

ciples — with absolute sincerity.

The latest talks were held at the

end of September, during the

25th anniversary celebrations of

the revolution in San'a when the

two presidents met in what was

described as an atmosphere of

cordiality - but advanced not

one iota. Stripped of procedural

language, the problem remains

fairly simple. Real national feel-

ings exist, despite the fact that

what are now two states have not,

since the very early Islamic era,

been united in a single political

entity, unless one counts the tenuous hold of the Ottomans

before the British arrived in

Aden in 1839. While faith in unity

remains intact, the present round

is either a smokescreen or mas-

sive self-delusion — or both; one

of the South Yemeni political leaders put it clearly: "Yes, we

are all for Yemeni unity, as long

as North Yemen is ready to be-come like the South." In the

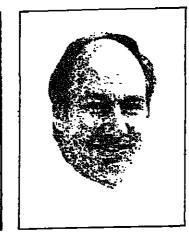
North one finds the mirror image:

Yes, as long, as the South becom-

ted by Crown Prince Hassan to the General Assembly calling for the articulation of a new international humanitarian order aiming for the rectification of humanitarian concerns which have hitherto eluded examination and treatment. Such concerns relate to armed conflicts, humanitarian law, disasters whether natural or man-made such as famine, deforestation and desertification, stateless persons, refugees, missing persons and street children. The final session of the Independent Commission on International Humanitarian Issues was held in Amman last December when reviewed. It is now expected that when the U.N. General Assembly takes up again this item during its 1988 session, the full elaboration and articulation of the



Humanitarian Order would be completed and become ready for final adoption and signature. When such an objective materialises it would be the culmination of over six years of dedicated and relentless efforts spearheaded by the special endeavours of Prince all the realisation of the proposed



Prince Saddrudin Aga Khan

Hassan whose persistent and continuous struggle on behalf of neglected humanitarian issues have made the achievements realised till this this day possible. Above

Red

Sea

new international humanitarian order will bring into fruition the dream and vision of Prince Hassan which had found expression in his earlier courageous and enlightened crusade on behalf of the affected peoples before the General Assembly back in 1981. While we in Jordan will most certainly take the greatest pride and infinite satisfaction from the fact that Prince Hassan has been all along the principal driving force behind the on-going efforts to translate the dreams of man kind into a reality, the peoples and groups of persons who will come within the scope and purview of the new humanitarian 🗫 order will rejoice even more when they find that their dire situations which have been neglected for so long will finally be addressed and addressed proper-

Gulf

SAUDI ARABIA

SOMALIA

SOUTH

Gulf of Aden

South Yemen's new leaders seeking legitimacy

By Liesl Graz

MUCH can be understood about The treason trial of 142 of Ali es like the North (implying above although trans-shipping through Nasser's followers 194 of them Democratic Yemen 20 months all: Has the same sort of rela-

after the bloody events of January 1986 by a careful study of the current iconography. No portraits of living leaders, neither President Haidar Abu Bakr Al Attas Germans, it began as a public nor Yemeni Socialist party first show trial, with hour-long ex-secretary. Ali Salim Al Baydh, cerpts aired every evening on can be seen on office walls or the innumerable posters. In their place stand omnipresent quadrip- ate the present regime, even tychs with portraits of the four official martyrs," always in the same order, from right to left. doned off during court sessions. Abd Al Fattah Ismail, Ali Antar, Since the trial could not be Salih Muslih Qasim and Ali brought to an end before Revolu-Shaye. Four dead heros cannot tion Day (14 October), there will be rivals and that holds true be a special effort to finish before particularly for Abd Al Fattah 30 November, the 20th Ismail — chief martyr and new anniversary of independence. patron saint of what has become The government seems to want to the Fattah Socialist Youth Union. make as few martyrs as possible, The circumstances of his death while also displaying an exemwere (and remain) so mysterious plary show of strength. Grisly rumour around Aden now has it that his widow refused to attend the memorial service; in other there will be only three execu-Muslim countries, of course, that

The political oureau's headquarters has been seem able to simultaneously turned into a shrine.

would be normal, but in Aden it

was a significant political gesture.

The political bureau's headquarters, where the shooting broke out, has been turned into a shrine with every overturned chair and bloodstain on the carpet preserved for visitors. Ali Antar's shelled house, too, is part of the pilgrimage, complete with 40 unexploded RPGs lined up in the garden. Eerily, visitors are invited to call on the bereaved family in the other unscathed (or perfectly repaired) side of the house where an 18-year-old son of the former tenant recites his lesson, staring into the middle distance. The third station of the pilgrimage is Abd Al Fattah Ismail's house, where the guide begins by explaining that Abd Al Fattah moved into the house on 30 November 1967, the very day Aden was celebrating independece. Ashes and relics are carefully glassed over within the rebuilt walls: the house was shelled, mostly from the sea, on the first day of fighting by ships loyal to Ali Nasser Mohammad. Finally comes the Aden clock tower, just behind the house, with hands stopped at 10.20, taken as the official beginning of the coup; that too - a painted clock face is part of the symbolism.

The problem of legitimacy affects all three of the interlocking circles of South Yemen's major concerns: Internal stability. inter-Yemeni relations and Arab and international relations on a larger scale. For the present leadcrs, establishing their legitimacy is particularly important since, in strictly legal terms. Ali Nasser's claim to the presidency has not been invalidated, not even by the party congress in June. The congress did lead to some consolidation, which in turn made the four-day meeting of the People's Assembly in mid-September possible. One of the Assembly's acts was to confirm the exclusion from the politburo of the foreign minister, Abd Al Aziz Al Dali, a rare (and able) survivor from Ali Nasser's last government. Other ministerial moves have been given diverse political interpretations, but behind the jockeying, for position there are the germs of another power struggle. Two figures are tipped as the coming men: Salim Salih Mohammad, now deputy party secretary, and Mohammad Abdullah Said. known as "Muhsin," ex-minister of state security and presently secretary of the central committee, and originally from North Yemen. Both are considered tough, ruthless and personally

present) is proving an increasing tionship with the Soviet Union). embarrassment for the regime. Chances for a reasonable com-Held against the advice of both promise in the near future are the Soviet Union and the East slim, even though there have been hints that North Yemen might try to force the pace with a cerpts aired every evening on unilateral declaration of unity, which would be extremely embartelevision. As the evidence seemed more and more to incriminrassing to the South. The international implications have not changed. There are no signs that Saudi Arabia would be selective television coverage stopped. Now the whole area is cor-

any happier than in the past to have a unified Yemen, with a population of ten million and oil revenues beginning to come in, on its borders, nor does the Soviet Union relish the idea of a Yemen that could possibly decide to dispense with its presence and, united, probably get away with it. Oddly, the fact that Ali Nasser Mohammad and close to 65,000 of his followers are in the North,

> supplementary stumbling block. Both sides seem to treat that presence simply as a vagary of Chances for a reasonable compromise [to unite the

does not seem to create a major

history. It is almost certain that during his September visit to San'a, President Haidar Al Attas did not meet Ali Nasser, even

two Yemens] are slim.

secretly as was suggested. North Yemen has asked the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees for assistance in taking care of 55,000 "displaced persons" - they are not called refugees. That number does not include 8,000 or more young men who might reasonably be considered members of Ali Nasser's armed force. Meanwhile South Yemen announced the extension to the end of 1987 of amnesty for those who can prove their innocence. Representatives of the North Yemen government. as of the displaced persons themselves, would like more clarification: Where does that leave, for example, minor police officials who say they were acting on orders, and, especially, members of their families?

Those few points of cooperation established between the two Yemens before January 1986 remain pretty much intact, the port of Aden has not returned to the volume of 1985. Outside the government committees. the Yemeni writers' union is still the only formal organisation that transcends the political border. At its latest meeting in San'a in September, members from both sides openly aired impatience with governmental dithering.

The third circle: Beyond the Yemens

The foreign relations of South Yemen, even with its friends in the Socialist camp, required painful rebuilding after the events of 1986. The relative success is a tribute to the diplomatic skills of Ali Salim Al Baidh, who has held the party together and particularly of Haidar Al Attas; being a sayvid from the Hadramaut helped make him more acceptable in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and the UAE. Oman, yesterday's enemy, was instrumental in convincing the GCC countries to continue aid to South Yemen, and the Omani foreign minister, Yusuf bin Alawi Abdallah was the first official visitor to Aden after the coup; the Omani embassy was finally to be opened in Aden in November.

The trilateral pact signed with Libya and Ethiopia in 1981 is dead in fact, if not on paper. Libya promised a great deal and

The trilateral pact with Libya and Ethiopia is dead in fact.

delivered practically nothing, besides some help in building a housing estate duly named "Omar Al Mukhtar." The Yemenis often oppose Libya in the Arab League and they have not yet quite forgiven Libya's siding with Ali Nasser in 1986. The present relationship can be guaged by the fact that in early September the South Yemenis permitted their resident liberation fronts to hold a support-Libya-in-Chad meetings, but carefully refrained from taking any official part.

With Ethiopia, a neighbour and the other friend of the USSR in the region, the situation is more complex. Ethiopia, too,

when he was dissuaded by the Soviet from doing so. He also seriously thought of offering asylum to Ali Nasser, who continues to visit Addis Ababa regularly. Aslylum was given to a dozen people, including Ali Nasser's brother, in the Ethiopian embassy in Aden, and to a small flotilla of the South Yemen navy in the port of Massawa. After much negotiation, the Yemenis have given permission for most of the refugees to leave for the North but three people remain in the

Finally, there is the position of the Soviet Union. Neither it nor

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sides with Ali Nasser last year; the other Socialist countries were Colonel Mengistu was ready to easy to convince after the coup send troops to help his friend and the new leaders had to do a great deal of travelling last year to explain their point of view. The Soviet Union, after its hesitation during the fighting, did not formally condemn Ali Nasser until December 1986. Even now it seems wary - and most of theother socialist countries remain very much on their guard. The East Germans have been particularly outspoken; they were instrumental in getting prisoners, like Mrs. Fathia Abdullah, former head of the Women's Union. freed; and when the official communiques heaped abuse on "Ali Nasser and his fascist gang," they intervened, saying, in effect: You. don't know what a fascist is. It is difficult to know how much their judgement may be affected by the fact that those who used to be considered the "real Communists" are either dead or, like the sons of Abdullah Badib, the party founder, are in the North, while most of today's collective lead. ership is made up of tribal rather than_ideological leaders - Middle East International, London

embassy. In exchange, the Ethiopians let several small boats go back to Aden with sailors who wanted to return — but still refuse to hand over the others. Most of the collective leadership did go to Addis Ababa for the proclamation of the democratic The Soviet Union, even now, seems wary. republic in Ethiopia.



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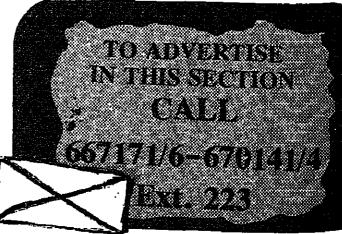
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downtown area of Armero as it looked immediately after the disaster (File photo)

city rises in shadow of killer volcano

By Charles Lambelin

Reuter ARMERO, Colombia -- Vegetation has started to grow again on the crusted mud that covers the once bustling white city of Armero like a giant tombstone.

In nearby Lerida, a new town is springing up in the shadow of the Nevado del Ruiz volcano whose violent eruption killed an estimated 23,000 people two years

SRABIA

The eruption on November 13. 1985, melted the snow-capped top of the 5,400-metre mountain, sending an avalanche of mud and rocks thundering 50 kilometres down onto the town lying in a green valley below.

Pathetic images of mud-caked survivors, including a photo of a woman known as "the Venus of mud" and the agony of 13-yearold Omaira Sanchez who died after being buried up to her neck for three days, prompted a wave of international aid for Colombia.

The site now looks like a dry river bed, studded by hundreds of plain wooded crosses planted over the former houses. A few skulls and bones have surfaced since the disaster and lie next to the crosses.

The surface has hardened like cement and it is possible to walk across the crust of volcanic ash, rocks and dried mud that covers more than 3,000 hectares.

In the first few months after the tragedy, the blanket of mud slowly sank and released hundreds of mummified bodies, like that of a motorcyclist engulfed by the avalanche. Both rider and machine were converted into statues of

Where the centre of the town stood, a big cement cross was erected for the brief visit by Pope John Paul II, in July last year. Around the cross, a few tombstones have been built. Busloads of tourists visit the area.

Among them, with a statue of Buddha and a bouquet of vellow flowers, is a monument to Omaira, erected with money sent by Japanese children who were touched by her agony.

In the centre of the city which once had 40,000 inhabitants, the only thing that stood through the disaster was a two-metre high concrete cube - the vault holding the local bank's money.

A huge stone, as big as a house, rolled down the mountain and came to a stop a few hundred metres away.

Two years after the disaster. many of the 22,000 homeless and the local press complain that part of the international aid never reached its intended benefi-

A couple placing flowers on the tomb of their daughter. Emalina Perdomo, concurred with the general view that somewhere along the line, some people put money "in their pockets." A survivor complained that the state aid, equal to \$22 a month, was cut after seven months.

The Perdomos complained that no church or chapel had been built here, forcing the priest from a nearby parish to celebrate his weekly mass in the open air.

In December 1985, the government decreed Armero a national monument to be converted into a "national park of hope" and said a chapel and a monument would be built in the memory of the buried city and its dead.

If little has been done in Armero, at Lerida 13 kilometres to the south, a new town is being

Variously called "Lerida two" or "new Armero." the new town will have a regional hospital built by the Red Cross societies of United States, Canada, Japan and Spain.

In Lerida itself, a quiet little town of the Tolima province with a white-washed church and dusty streets, the army built a stadium and sports centre paid for by military personnel who offered the equivalent of one-day's

Mayor Julio Cesar Hernandez told Reuters that 2,500 houses had been completed in the district of Lerida built by a dozen charity organisations from various coun-

He said the population had grown from about 9,000 two years ago to 24,000 now.

"Such an influx of population was bound to create problems. The biggest one is unemployment as Lerida has little to offer and there is no money. Most survivors arrived with nothing." Hernandez said. A few workshops making shoes

and textiles have been set up at the entrance of Lerida. They provide jobs for 50. Meanwhile the government is watching the volcano closely to

avoid another catastrophe. The most recent alert came last June when the government warned of an unusual increase in seismic activity after a column of steam and emission of ashes was

registered in nearby cities. It

warning signals to the observa-Despite the danger and warnings by scientists that new eruptions are possible, thousands of farmers continue to live in the high risk area. Only a few have

Instruments now monitor the

Nevado de Ruíz and readings are

automatically transmitted to an

observatory 32 kilometres away,

Japanese vulcanologists have rig-

ged cables across valleys. If the

cables break, they will transmit

To warn of possible mud flows,

need to evacuate.



A rescue worker rushes a child covered in mud to a medical centre outside Armero (File photo)

U.S. writer risks life as disguised Mexican alien

By Susan Ellicott

NEW YORK - Blue eyes hidden beneath a baseball cap, blond hair under a hooded sweatshirt. Ted Conover crossed the Rio Grande River on a yellow inflat-

Disguised as one of the millions of Mexican "Wetbacks," illegal workers who slip across the river frontier between Mexico and Texas to flee poverty and earn American dollars, the Denver writer paid \$120 to be smuggled into his own country and found work on an orange grove in Ari-

From the southwest state he dravelled for one year with the Mexican aliens, clinched nighttime deals with unscrupulous Mexican border bandits, earned \$1.15 for each 80-pound sack of Citrus fruit he picked and survived pistol ambush.

"I wondered at a couple of points why I would be that casual with my life," he says. "It would have been cheaper to do it the easy way - to get a cab across the bridge.

The reason, the 29-year-old former student of anthropology says, was to tell people how wetbacks -- many of whom escape their homeland by swimming across the Rio Grande are changing the face of America. He told his story in his recently

published "Coyotes" (Vintage to like all of that. It makes me Departures), whose title comes from the Spanish slang word for people who smuggle Mexicans across the U.S. border.

The Mexicans are inspired by the same dreams that brought other people to this nation, he says, people like his own greatgrandfather who left Norway "to make a new life by doing this nation's work.

"Unskilled immigrants flowing in here to work their tails off (are) in the finest American tradition," he says.

The Immigration and Naturalisation Service (INS) estimates that about five million undocumented Mexicans are currently living in the United States, having fled the impoverished interior of their homeland in search

Last May the INS began offering amnesty to illegal aliens. they have been in the United States since January 1, 1982, to

I read I realised that this is the middle of a phase of U.S. history." Conover, who comes from an affluent Denver family, said in

a recent interview. So he set out for a first-hand history lesson.

"To do that you have to speak Spanish, take time and get your several years in America, is not hands dirty." he says. "I happen recognised by his own father.

feel alive.

Blond and clean-cut. Conover says his "all-American fooks" could have made the Mexicans think of him as an outsider.

Many times, he feared that if immigration police caught him, he would be charged with "aiding an abetting illegals."

"The hardest thing was to get on close personal terms with the Mexicans." Conover recalls. But my best disguise was just heing with these guys who treated me like one of them."

"Coyotes" tells with humour how Emilio, Maximo, Moises and Pancho drive a 1970 Ford station wagon 2,500 miles from California to Florida without a map. having memorised the route from a previous trip in search of work.

- How Timoteo leaps in shock at Los Angeles airport when allowing those who can prove automatic doors, the first he has ever seen, hiss open.

How Carlos stumbles on a new language when trying to "The more I saw and the more compliment an American girlfriend on her perfume. "I love the way you stink," he offers gallantly.

It also tells the traumas of immigrant life. One young Mexican, returning fattened from pizzas and hambur-

gers to his dusty village after

Young fathers go home, only to be reunited with babies who erv when lifted from the cradle by untamiliar arms.

Peasant women mourn husbands who never return -- killed in unreported accidents, at work or remarried into a new life.

For Conover, readjusting to his former lifestyle was almost as

"Suddenly you're back where everyone drives to work and meets for drinks before dinner." he says. The nearest he came to regret-

ting his trip was when what he described as corrupt members of the Mexican federal judicial police, tipped off by a coyote, ambushed him and 16 Mexicans with postols and sub-machine guns during an attempted border crossing at 3 a.m. into Arizona

They beat up the Coyote, tortured one Mexican, and asked Conover who would miss him if he never arrived at the other side.

"I've never invented so many influential relatives in so short a time," he says, now able to joke about how he imagined he would be bumped in a ditch, a bullet through his head.

Today he is settled in Denver. writing a novel loosely based on his experiences, "happy to have my own telephone, my own bed' after a year under 163 different

Strong signs of planet-like object orbiting nearby star

By Lee Siegel The Associated Press

PASADENA, California - Scientists disappointed by earlier efforts to find planets outside the solar system said Tuesday they detected strong signs that a large. Jupiter-like object orbits a star 270 trillion miles (435 trillion kilometres) from Earth.

"The thing is big but hot. Whatever it is, it's not a star." said Ben Zuckerman, an astronomy professor at the University of California at Los Angeles.

"We think the most likely explanation of what we found is a brown dwarf — a planet-like obiect roughly the size of Jupiter (but larger) and with twice the surface temperature of Venus. he said. "It is the 10th planet-like object we know of in the universe" besides the nine planets in our solar system.

Zuckerman said the brown dwarf is a gaseous body that is not a star but is larger than any known planet, with a diameter about 15 per cent that of our sun. He said the object orbits the white dwarf star Giclas 29-38. That star is located 46 light years, or about 270 trillion miles (435 trillion kilometres), from Earth, nearby by astronomical stan-

The findings by Zuckerman and University of Hawaii astronomer Eric Becklin will be published in the British Journal Nature. Zuckerman outlined the discovery on Oct. 10 during the 19th annual meeting of American Astronomical Society's division of planetary sciences.

Other astronomers presented less direct evidence that planets may exist around several other

Scientists previosly identified

about three dozen stars encircled at the moment for an object that's by flattened disks of dust, some not burning hydrogen" and thus of which appear to be solar systems in the early, pre-planetary stages of formation.

In June, Bruce Campbell of British Columbia's Dominion Astrophysical Observatory announced he tound indirect evidence for possible planets orbiting Epsilon Eridani, Gamma Cephei and five other stars. Supposedly strong evidence of

a planet-like object outside the Earth's own solar system was revealed a several years ago when University of Arizona researchers thought they detected a brown dwarf orbiting the star Van Biesbrocck 8. The discovery turned to disappointment when other astronomers could not confirm the

The discovery by Zuckerman and Becklin is "the best evidence is not a star, said planetary scientist Dave Stevenson of the California Institute of Technology.

"It could be a planet because it is much less massive and is quite close to the white dwarf it is orbiting around."

Stevenson described the object as a gaseous body "like Jupiter. only more massive."

"There is definitely something out there," said University of Arizona planetary scientist Jonathan Lunine, co-moderator of Oct. 10's session on "extrasolar planets."

He said the evidence for the object orbiting Giclas 29-38 is "fairly convincing" and much more direct than that for Campbell's possible planets or for the brown dwarf once thought to orbit Van Biesbroeck 8.

Arthur Miller says he has survived and that is pretty good

By Arthur Spiegelman Reuter

NEW YORK — Arthur Miller came out of the depression, tried in a dozen plays to stir the country's soul, was hauled before Congress for being un-American and almost lost his grip in a tortured marriage to Marilyn

In a strong, gravelly voice that belies his years, he says he has survived and, considering the odds, that's not bad.

'You know when you get to be 72 years and a lot of stuff has gone by, you feel it is amazing vou are still here. I haven't slowed down although I am sure it is coming," Miller said at his New York apartment, a tiny warren of rooms on Manhattan's

He has just published his autobiography, "Timebends", a 600-page book that avoids chronological detail in favour of letting one memory flood into another, evoking as he says "time's fadeouts and fade-ins and crossfades.

In the book, a Harlem boyhood leads to a scary walk there 50 years later, a visit to the goddess sculptures at Angkor Wat brings him to Marilyn Monroe and how he once told her, You're the saddest girl I've ever

"Marilyn first thought this was defeat men, she had said once. It was the only thing he wrote theatre had cooperated with the there is no creation."

only wanted happy girls. But then a smile touched her lips as she discovered the compliment I had intended."

In his apartment, Miller insists: My memory isn't that great. But what is there is etched in and if I remember it at all, I remember it in detail. I wrote this book like I wrote 'Death of a Salesman.'

ever coming to a stop,'

Central to the book is his four-

he in another.

premier American intellectual

haunted and crippled her. As a gift to her, Miller wrote the screenplay for "The Misfits".

destructive childhood who

Miller in "Timebends" says that he wanted "Salesman", his most famous play, to "cut through time like a knife through a layer cake or a roard through a mountain revealing its geologic layers... display past and present concurrently, with neither one

"Timebends" does that and a bit more. It recalls a lot of people who helped and a lot who hurt.

year marriage to Monroe, a period that seemed to sap him of his strength, leaving him drained and alone in the Nevada desert. Monroe drove off in one car and It had been a union of the

and the country's star sex symbol. According to Miller's memory, it was doomed from the start. Always there were crowds, including the ghosts of Monroe's

during their time together and their marriage broke up during its filming. Monroe became enraged at the very sight of him. Miller recalls this all, with a

playwright's pain. "I never saw her unhappy in a crowd." His marriage brought Miller into trouble of another sort. With the celebrity status it gave him, the former left-winger was hauled before the House un-American

which has then fading from public Miller refused to name the writers and artists who joined him in attending pro-Soviet meetings at a time when the United States was the Soviets' World War II

Activities Committee (HUAC).

He also refused to claim the U.S. constitution's fifth amendment protection against self-incrimination and was held in contempt of Congress. A court eventually threw the case out on technical grounds.

They (the committee) were desperate for attention. Chairman Francis Walters agreed to call off the hearing if Marilyn posed for a photo with him. Sometimes I think God is a comedian." Miller said.

"I just didn't think that at that stage of the game, they had the right to question me," he added. Many of the people Miller had closely collaborated with in the committee, including Lee J. Cobb, who was the first to play the salesman Willy Loman, and Elia Kazan, who directed the play that became an American classic.

Miller says he could not talk to Kazan for years because he had testified and named names. But he still holds him and Cobb in high professional regard.

"Cohb was the greatest of the actors to play Willy. You know that I pictured Willy as a small man, the size of Dustin Hoffman who gave a fine performance as Willy (in a recent revival). But Lee brought that bulk of his to the role.' Miller calls himself an outsider

appy at the state of playwriting or producing, thinking that Broadway has lost its audience, if He also thinks that his works are usually detested at first sight by the critics and kept alive by

in American theatre. He is not

dedicated actors and directors around the world. "I was only a stranger in the theatre, the man bringing in the news from the outside world. I always thought theatre should expand itself, deal with the larger

Miller then added: "I never wrote anything good that didn't make me blush because you are revealing yourself. Without pain,

questions. Instead it became in-

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Kasparov loses 16th tie, **Karpov back in contention**

The tug-of-war continues with 8 battles to go

SEVILLE, Spain (R) — Reigning chess champion Garry Kasparov resigned the 16th game of his title defence on Tuesday without resuming play, putting challenger Anatoly Karpov back in contention to regain the crown he held from 1975 to 1985.

Kasparov, 24, sealed his 41st taining the title in the event of a move Monday night but decided his pawn deficit and passive position did not warrant continuing

After 15 of the 24 scheduled games Kasparov held an 8-7 lead over 36-year-old Karpov, with the additional advantage of re-



Kasparov... the reigning king

With time running out, Karpov varied his tactics in game 16 on Monday, complicating play despite holding the handicap of the black pieces.

Kasparov found his match plan of playing safe with the advantage of the first move and trying to get Karpov to overpress when white had been upset, and lashed out in an attempt to win.

Chess experts were still unable to determine who objectively held the better position as a result of Kasparov's wild complications. But Karpov showed his re-

markable defensive abilities, brushing aside dangerous attacks and somehow emerging with an extra pawn.

Kasparov continued to muddy the waters at a time when grandmasters felt he should have tried to force an inferior endgame. Despite having little time left

on the clock, Karpov reached the end of the session with a huge advantage — one pawn ahead and with vastly more active Kasparov's play was met with

criticisms that he spent too much time on extracurricular distractions and not enough on chess. Experts compared the match situation to the previous encounter in Leningrad last year, where Kasparov frittered away a threepoint lead before recovering to win by a single point.

"Kasparov will probably still win — he's been in this situation before." Norwegian grandmaster

Simen Agdestein told Reuters. But French international master Aldo Haik said Karpov was now a slight favourite as Kasparov has been unable to develop a consistent match plan with the white pieces.

Danish international master Bjarke Kristensen said: "Now we have an eight game match for the title - that's great. But then why have we been here for the past two months?"



Karpov: persistence

Werder faces another nerve-jangling cup tie

BREMEN, West Germany (R)

— West German leaders Werder Bremen, nerves still jangling from two cup thrillers already this month, may face more nailbiting action against Soviet club Dyna-mo Tbilisi in the UEFA Cup on Wednesday.

Werder start as clear favourites against the 1981 Cup Winners' Cup champions who had to fight domestic season which closed last

But the West Germans need no reminding that they reached the third round of the competition by scraping past another Soviet side

Shmeisani area.

— by the odd goal in 13. Facing 1987 Soviet champions Spartak Moscow three weeks ago, Werder overturned a 4-1 away deficit and finally took the tie with an enthralling 6-2 extra

was clearly not sated because last Saturday they threw away a 4-1 lead over amateurs Wolfsburg with cup match. Werder's blushes were finally spared with a 5-4 extra time win.

would not be averse to another avalanche of goals this time — as

time victory. Their appetite for excitement

Bremen trainer Otto Rehhagel

long as they are all picked out of the net by Dynamo keeper Otar Gabeliya.

But Rehhagel does not underestimate the task of breaking down a defence built around veteran sweeper Alexander Chivadze: "He is the brains of the team and a brilliant organiser at the back."

Werder can no longer rely on the goals of Rudi Voeller, now with As Roma, but Frank Ordenewitz has proved a more than able replacement, scoring nine times in the league this

Bremen will be relieved to welcome back gifted sweeper Gunnar Sauer after a knée injury. Sauer, widely tipped to fill Franz Beckenbauer's old role in the national team before long, should help to plug the gaps which have been all too apparent in recent

Central heating and telephones.

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Location: Jabal Amman, Zahran quarter.

SPORTS IN BRIEF

U.S. basketball coach 'loses temper'

MOSCOW (AP) — Soviet newspapers carried a brief dispatch Monday telling readers that Indiana University basketball coach Bobby Knight took his team off the court during a game against the Soviet national team. The government newspaper Izvestia and the Moscow city newspaper Vechernyaya Moskva both carried a three-paragraph report by the TASS News Agency on the incident that occurred during the game Saturday in Bloomington, Indiana. The dispatch reported that the Soviets beat Knight's Hoosiers 66-43, and said the reason for the "unusual score" was that the game ended ahead of schedule. "Fifteen minutes before the end of the meeting, the coach of the American team, former coach of the U.S. Olympic team, Bobby Knight, took his players from the court," it said. It said the reason was his ejection from the game with a third technical foul for "Knight's interference in the game." In remarks broadcast Sunday night in Indiana. Knight apologised for letting his temper get the best of him.

PLO said to field team to Olympics

SEOUL, South Korea (AP) - The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) is seeking to send a representative to the 1988 Seoul Olympics, sources said Tuesday. The Seoul Olympic Organising Committee (SLOOC) received the PLO request to send an official observer to the games, scheduled to start Sept. 17, 1988, according to sources who declined to be identified. The request was conveyed to the International Olympic Committee (IOC), the Olympic parent body, the sources said. A SLOOC spokesman declined to comment on the matter. The sources said the PLO request was unlikely to be accepted because the organisation is not a member of the IOC. The PLO sent a representative to seek membership in the Olympic Council of Asia during the 1986 Seoul Asian Games. The council said the PLO would be allowed to join if it was recognised by the IOC. Admission to the IOC has not been granted to the PLO.

British champ quits rings

LONDON (AP) - British light-middleweight champion Lloyd Hibbert retired Monday, a day before he was to defend his title for the first time. Nobby Nobbs, the fighter's manager, said he had informed the British Boxing Board of Control of Hibbert's decision and relinquished the championship. He said Hibbert had personal problems but did not elaborate. The 28-year-old Birmingham-based boxer was due to fight Gary Cooper, from South-ampton, Tuesday. He last fought in August, when he lost the Commonwealth Championship to Troy Waters of Australia.

Sweden joins Easter Soccer Tournament

BONN (R) - World Cup finalists Argentina and West Germany will be joined by the Soviet Union and Sweden in a four-nation Easter Soccer Tournament in West Berlin next year. The West German Football Federation (DFB) said on Tuesday that Sweden had agreed to take the place of European champions France, who turned down an invitation. The tournament, which West Germany will use to tune up for the European Championship they are hosting in June, takes place from March 30 to April 2.

New manager promises hard work

LONDON (R) - Terry Venables took over as manager of Tottenham Hotspur on Monday, saying there was some hard work to do to reverse the poor form of the English First Division side. Venables, who lost his job as coach at Barcelona in September, told a news conference at Tottenham's White Hart Lane ground that one of his first tasks was to rebuild the club's

Greece to play Netherlands tie behind closed doors

ATHENS (R) - Greece will play The Netherlands behind closed doors in the northern city of Alexandroupolis when the teams meet in next month's European Championship qualifying Group V tie, Greek Football Federation President Sotiris Alimisis said on

Alimisis said the move was in protest at UEFA's decision to replay last month's controversial tie between The Netherlands and Cyprus instead of adhering to an earlier decision to award Cyprus

a 3-0 victory.

The original match, which The Netherlands won 8-0, was inter-rupted for an hour after a spectator threw a firework at the Cypriot goalkeeper.

UEFA's original decision to give the tie to Cyprus had kept Greece's qualifying hopes alive. But their revised decision to replay the match means The Netherlands will qualify for next year's finals in West Germany if they win - thus turning the Greece-Netherlands match into a "dead" tie.

Bulls regain respect

HARTFORD, Connecticut (AP)

— Chicago coach Doug Collins doesn't mind victory, but he'd also like to see his team get some respect this season.

The Bulls gained both Monday night after rallying in the final four minutes to hand the Boston Celtics a 107-102 loss behind a 31-point effort from Michael Jordan, 20 points from rookie Scottie Pippen and 19 from John Paxson.

"Chicago is no longer a one-dimensional team," Boston coach K.C. Jones said. "Pippen, Paxson and (Charles) Oakley to go with Jordan, that ain't a bad combina-

Monday, San Antonio defeated the New York Knicks 117-112

Playing without injured stars Larry Bird and Kevin McHale, the Celtics got 14 points from Fred Roberts and 10 from rookie Brad Lohaus in the first half. Boston led 63-51 at halftime after leading by as many as 18 points. In the second half, Jordan scored 20 of his points while

Pippen, with seven down the stretch, helped secure Chicago's fourth win over Boston in 24 games since 1983-84.

Boston was paced by Dennis Johnson's 23 points and 20 from Danny Ainge.

Finnish driver crashes in grooves in British Rally

CARLISLE, England (R) - kunen of Finland to 12th. Sweden's Mikael Ericsson crashed during the Royal Automobile Club (RAC) British motor rally after missing a turn in an early-morning stage through forests on Tuesday.

The windscreen and bodywork of Ericsson's Lancia Delta car were damaged in the accident which resulted in him dropping from second place behind his Lancia teammate Juha Kank- special stages.

Ericcson, who led last year's rally before retiring, was unhurt, but lost several minutes in his pursuit of Kankkunen through the gloom of dense forests in Yorkshire in northern England.

Markku Alen of Finland. another member of the Lancia team, took over second place one minute 16 seconds behind Kankkunen after four of the day's 15



goalie Adnan Za'rour 'embraces' the ball after Adduftein. The two goals were scored in the second thwarting a hat-trick by Adduftein Club striker half by players Jihad Abdul Mun'em and Moham-Lou'ai Abdul Rahman (No. 6), who is seen 'hug- mad Al Mesheh (Photo by Abdullah-Ayyoub) ging' the net. Tuesday's match, played at Al

WRONG DIRECTION: Al Qadessieh Club Hussein Sports City, ended with a 2-0 edge by

Tillis on path to meet invincible Tyson

HALIFAX, Nova Scotia (AP) - 1986 with a win over former another 10-rounder. James "quick" Tillis is one of a champion Mike Weaver. handful of fighters to go the distance with heavyweight cham-

pion Mike Tyson. But Toronto's Razor Ruddock

says he's "more impressed he's getting in the ring with me." Ruddock, was scheduled to fight Tillis in a 10-rounder in a win over Tillis would move him Halifax Tuesday night, vaulted onto the world scene in August

"The (The weaver) fight was

the biggest fight of my career, bigger than this one," said Rud-Ruddock has a 17-1-1 record and last lost three years ago to

closer to a possible title shot against the unbeaten Tyson. "(If I win) they tell me I'll go against Tim Witherspoon and then I'll get Tyson," said Rud-

dock, whose given name is Donovan. The fight is part of a promotion dubbed the night of the

heavyweight and includes a cofeature involving Trevor Berbick, the former Canadian and World of Halifax. Berbick takes on American Bobbie Evans in the current world champion.

Promoter Sonny MacPhee,

who is co-promoting the card with Murad Mohammad of New Jersey, flew in Mohammad Ali to hype the fights and has promised Larry Holmes and possibly Dave Jacobs. Most observers feel

Ali arrived Sunday and took part in a ceremony honouring the Olympic flame as it passed through Halifax early Monday.

The former champion pulled up in a Maroon Limousine and was led to a stage by bodyguards. He sat quietly during the ceremony, rising only to hold the torch at one point.

Holmes, who is coming out of retirement to fight Tyson on Jan. 22, said in a telephone interview Champion who once fought out last week that Ruddock is one of only two people he feels can beat

Rams outscore Redskins WASHINGTON (AP) - Ron line, an end zone interception by

Brown returned a kickoff 87 metres for a touchdown and 24 seconds left. caught a 24-metre scoring pass Washington, despite getting from Jim Everett as the Los 281 passing metres from Wil-Angeles Rams held off a late Washington threat for a 30-26 NFL victory over the Redskins NFC East. Monday night.

The Rams, 3-7, also got 102 metres and a touchdown from NFL rushing leader Charles white in notching their second straight victory. It was the Ram's first regular-season triumph over the

Redskins since 1969. Brown's touchdown catch, with 3:38 left in the third quarter, gave the Rams a 30-19 lead, but Doug ance for Jay Schroeder last week. Williams' second touchdown pass to Art Monk cut the gap to 30-26 four seconds into the fourth quarter. The Redskins moved to the first-quarter fumble was returned Rams' 14-yard line inside the last 32 metres for a touchdown by

Leroy Irvin ended the threat with

liams, fell to 7-3 and remained two games ahead of Dallas in the

The Redskins were betrayed by their special teams. In addition to being stung by Brown's fourth career kickoff-return touchdown. Washington allowed a punt block that set up a 1-metre scoring run by white that enabled the Rams to take a 23-9 second-quarter.

Williams, given the starting job completed 24 of 46 passes and also ran for a touchdown. But he was sacked four times and his minute but, with the game on the Mike Wilcher.

INVITATION TO TENDER NO. 25F/87

JPMC announces the invitation to TENDER NO. (25F/87) 3,000,000 m.s (three million metres of cortex detonating

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fuses). The tender documents are available at the Supply Department of JPMC offices in Amman until 2:00 p.m., local time, Thursday, Dec. 17, 1987. Application for documents should be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee of JD 25 for each set of tender documents. The closing date for submission tenders is 12:00 noon, local time, Wednesday, Dec. 23, 1987.

Wasef Azar Managing Director

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26 Nov. (Matinee) Filzcarraido (Germany) 26 Nov. Homecoming Song (Greece) 27 Nov. La Celestina (Spain)

28. Nov. Les Nuits de La Pleine Lune (France) 29 Nov. Aiutami a Sognare (Italy) 30 Nov. A Room with a View (UK) 1 Dec. De Vlaschaard (Belgium) All films start at 8 p.m. Matinee starts at 4.30 p.m.

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Experts forecast sluggish in West Germany

BONN (R) — Economic experts 1990 tax reform in a move to West German economy would grow only moderately in 1988, but they generally backed Bonn's refusal to do more for expansion by bringing forward tax cuts due

The "five wise men," an independent council of advisers to the government, said Europe's biggest economy would only expand by around 11/2 per cent in both 1988 and 1987.

This is below the official forecast for 1988 of around 21/4 per cent growth and two senior ministers promptly said the report was

Economics Minister Martin Bangemann and Finance Minister Gerhard Stoltenberg said in a joint statement: "The government believes that a result for growth is possible that could be above the rate (1½ per cent) expected by the council.

Despite the latest crisis on the financial markets and the sharp decline in the value of the dollar, the council said it saw no signs of

However, it added: "It would be different if there were new (market) turbulence. In that case the economic expectations would probably have to be revised down

Foreign governments, as well as domestic economists, bankers and industrialists, have said West

predicted on Monday that the stimulate demand at home and cut international trade imbalances.

But only one of the five university professors in the council supported this call, which Bonn has already ruled out.

The report quoted Professor Ruediger Pohl, whose views reflect those of the opposition Social Democratic Party, as saying growth in the medium term had to be strengthened because the

tinue in 1988. This suggests that — contrary to the opinion of the majority of the council -- the tax reform should be implemented as soon as possible." Dr. Pohl said.

weak rate of growth would con-

Dr. Pohl was also alone in urging the West German central bank, the Bundesbank, to pursue its expansionary monetary policies which have helped stem a too sharp rise in the mark.

The other four professors said the Bundesbank should wind back expansion of money supply in a bid to stave off future inflationary dangers.

West Germany is likely to face calls at any new meeting of the Group of Seven (G-7) leading industrial democracies for even more expansionary monetary policies.

The council of experts said in the report that, at such a meeting. West Germany would have to Germany should speed up its make a major contribution.

Algerian oil officials call for expansion of OPEC

Neither Mr. Bayou nor Mr.

Yousfi would elaborate on what

price Algeria would be seeking at

the scheduled OPEC meeting in

U.S. energy chief predicts

pricing problems for OPEC

Meanwhile, U.S. Energy Secretary John Herrington said

on Monday OPEC would have

trouble agreeing to hold the price

of oil at \$18 a barrel at its

semi-annual conference next

Mr. Herrington said in an inter-

view: "Number one, you have the

situation of Iran doing some

heavy discounting in light of the

(U.S.) embargo, as much as \$3 a

barrel, and it could be even

which oil prices are based, also

caused problems, as did the dif-

He said the falling dollar, on

Vienna starting Dec. 9.

PARIS (Agencies) - The Organisation of Petroleum in his speech to the conference. he would press for a continued hurt it. Exporting Countries (OPEC) should increase its membership to help stabilise world oil prices, Algerian oil officials told a petroleum industry conference Monday.

Mr. Mohammad Bayou, assistant director general of Sontrach, the Algerian state oil company, said OPEC needs to build a base of support for a more effective global strategy.

He said that in the past OPEC has missed the opportunity to change "its way of functioning, its way of looking at things" by not welcoming new oil-producing members to its ranks.

The director general of Sonatrach, Mr. Yousef Yousfi, amplified on the theme later in the conference.

The weakness of OPEC is that it did not create an instrument of solidarity." he said, referring to past proposals at OPEC meetings that the organisation invite other oil-producing countries, such as Mexico, Britain and Norway, to join its ranks. "We couldn't do it and we

didn't know how to do it," said Mr. Yousfi. But, he stressed, membership in OPEC is the solution for those countries producing what is a

politically strategic commodity. During the first day of the two-day conference, both Mr. Yousfi and Mr. Bayou repeatedly called for greater cooperation

European interest rate cuts

boosted the dollar on Tuesday,

and dialogue between oil-producing and oil-consuming countries to assure a measure of oil price stability, and consequently, economic stability.

"There has always been antagonism between the two but (recent traumas) should lead to the emergence of a new behaviour. said Mr. Bayou, referring to the oil price collapse in 1986 and the subsequent relative stability of prices in the \$17-\$22 a barrel

Mr. Yousfi also said OPEC's average reference price of \$18 a barrel is merely a "consensus price" and does not reflect oil supply and demand.

"It (the \$18 price) wasn't so much a voluntary decision, but a responsible one." said Mr. Yousfi. OPEC fixed the reference price, which is based on a basket of leading OPEC grades, at its December 1986 meeting.

Mr. Bayou said the \$18 price "seemed to be regarded by the majority of players in the petroleum market as a floor price."

fering goals of members of OPEC. We have to direct ourselves quickly toward a price of equilib-Saudi Oil Minister Hisham rium which can respond to the Nazer told a meeting of the preoccupations of the producers American Petroleum Institute in and consumers," Mr. Bayou said Chicago earlier this month that

more.

He later referred to a U.S. price of \$18 a barrel. university study that called for an OPEC ministers meet in Vienincrease in the OPEC reference

na next month to set prices for price to \$19. "Even other non-OPEC producers are talking of Prices have hovered around this." he said, adding that all

\$18 in recent months, although these players are "now waiting Iran has cut them by as much as for OPEC to put its house in-order and clarify the situation." \$3 in an effort to raise money for its war with Iraq. The United States has embar-

goed Iranian oil to try to shut off funds for Tehran's war effort but so far has had little backing from other Iranian oil buyers. France began a boycott of Iranian oil before the U.S. embargo. Mr. Herrington said: "OPEC is

going to have some problems in its December meeting. The falling dollar is going to create a certain degree of chaos among the negotiations about what the world price should be."

He added: "\$18 is going to be a very difficult figure for them to argue for. I still think they will be very lucky to hold the price at \$18 among the different interests in

Mr. Herrington said the group might consider pricing its oil on the basis of the International Monetary Fund's basket of currencies — Special Drawing Rights - to shield it from the falling dollar, although he said this had been considered and rejected in the past.

He said pegging oil to the OPEC income and at other times

Mr. Herrington repeated earlier predictions that prices would be countered by deregulating stay in the range of \$18 to \$20 but gave no timeframe.

He said the Reagan administration was continuing to try to buyers of Iranian oil to join the U.S. embargo.

He said effective embargoes must be global and that Japan, a major buyer of Iranian oil, has been refuctant to back the boycott.

"They (the Japanese) are one of the richest countries in the world today and it would be the right thing for them to do to join this embargo," he said.

He said Middle East officials told him on a visit there last month they would be willing to step up oil output to supply Japan if Tokyo boycotted Iran.

"There is no question in my mind that world opinion has turned around on Iran and that their export of crude oil and their policies are becoming linked, and I see that as a major change in the last 30 days," he said.

Mr. Herrington voiced well known administration concern over the rising U.S. reliance on foreign oil, now about 40 per cent of demand.

U.S. and oil industry officials predict reliance on foreign oil will hit 50 per cent in the 1990s, with dollar had sometimes helped much of the oil coming from the Gulf region.

Mr. Herrington said growing U.S. reliance on foreign oil could natural gas, which he said would

lower prices. The Reagan administration has pressed for deregulation legislation, persuade Japan and other major but Congress has been reluctant

to approve it, fearing it might increase natural gas prices. Mr. Herrington predicted Congress would approve exploratory drilling in Alaska's National Wildlife Refuge, which is esti-

mated to hold up to 30 billion barrels of oil. Drilling in the refuge, which is near the Prudhoe Bay oil fields. is favoured by the Reagan administration but has been opposed

by environmentalists. Mr. Herrington voiced administration opposition to an oil import fee as a way to curb imports, as well as a higher petrol tax to raise government revenues

and encourage conservation. He said an import fee would not be effective because it would have to exempt nations such as Canada, because of a pending U.S. free trade agreement with Ottawa, and Mexico, because of

its large foreign debt. Mexico and Canada are major suppliers of oil to the United

Mr. Herrington also said higher oil prices would help the U.S. oil industry but hurt other American business, such as petroche-Israel allows

shekel to drop

TEL AVIV (R) - Israel has

allowed a slight devaluation of

the shekel against a basket of Western currencies to compen-

sate for the recent fall of the

dollar, central bank sources said

on Tuesday.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

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45 OPEC product
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6.4550/4600

6.4850/4900

One ounce of gold 476.50/477.00

Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

U.S. dollars Canadian dollar West German marks

1.5 pfennigs and 0.75 yen to hit highs by 1300 GMT of 1.0842 West German marks and 135.45 yen as the West German, French and Dutch central banks announced a series of 0.25 percentage point cuts in short term interest rates. London share values rose more

dealers said.

than 1.7 per cent while Frankfurt's 30 share Boersen-Zeitung index was up as much as four per

Lower European interest rates were at the top of the list of government actions investors wanted, following agreement last week between the White House

LONDON (R) — A series of U.S. budget cuts over two years. 'This is a very positive signal,' said a senior dealer on the West German money market. "I had

The dollar put on more than hoped for it, but I did not count "Once the ball was put back in the European court on Monday morning, it was up to the Germans to act." Mr. Michel Develle, chief economist at Banque Paribas, said in Paris.

The price of gold, meanwhile, jumped. In London, the price of bullion was fixed on Tuesday morning \$7.55 an ounce higher at \$476.95, but dealers said the gains were mainly for technical

What the Bundesbank, West Germany's central bank, did was to cut its rate on 28-day securities repurchase agreements - a

effectively lends money to banks rate to 8.5 per cent from 8.75 per - to 3.25 per cent from 3.5 per

Banks sell the Bundesbank securities and agree to buy them back, 28 days later, at a slightly higher price. In effect, they get a loan, and the higher buy-back price translates into the interest rate on that loan.

The 3.25 per cent rate the Bundesbank set was far deeper than the 3.4 per cent dealers had expected, and most saw the move as a goodwill gesture to the United States, after the budget cut agreement.

"This is very supportive for the dollar," said a London currency dealer. The French central bank cut its

money market intervention rate to eight per cent from 8.25 per

ollar gains on European interest rate cuts

"Following the announcement in the United States of an accord on the reduction of the U.S. budget deficit, and in cooperation with the Bundesbank ..., the Bank of France has decided to cut its leading rates by a quarter (of a percentage) point," the bank said in a statement.

The Dutch central bank also cut its rates, while a Swiss central bank spokesman said it has been pumping more money into its banking system.

The wider the gap between U.S. interest rates and those in Europe and Japan, the easier it is to encourage investors to buy

dollar assets and so boost the value of the U.S. currency. But investors also fear that any already higher than West German and Japanese rates, could set off a recession that would spread from the United States to the rest of the world.

So, many see the West German move as a step in the right direction towards getting a stable dollar while avoiding an economic

They were especially eager for such a step since cutting the U.S. budget deficit by raising taxes and cutting spending could further slow the American economy.

In response, Frankfurt's 30share Boersen Zeitung index rose as much as four per cent, or 11.23 points, to a high of 290.12, before

backing off slightly. London's benchmark Financial Times Stock Exchange 100 share index was up more than 30

The move, allowing the shekel to drift nearly two per cent down from the exchange rate set last January, was to case pressure from exporters for a more substantial devaluation of the shekel against the dollar, commercial

bankers said. The basket of currencies includes the dollar, the West German mark, Britain's pound sterling and the Swiss and French francs. The shekel was set at 1.68 to the basket last January but had fallen to 1.71 by Monday, recovering marginally to 1.7094 on

Tuesday, according to the Bank of Israel's daily representative rates Over the same period, the shekel's exchange rate against the dollar has strengthened from 1.64 to 1.57, prompting complaints from manufacturers exporting to the United States that their com-

petitiveness was being eroded. A spokesman for the Bank of Israel said the mini-devaluation did not alter the central bank's policy of maintaining a stable shekel. Currency dealers at Israel's main commercial banks said the central bank should be able to maintain the shekel at present levels unless the dollar suffers a further major fall.

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) — Shares were higher in modest afternoon trading cuts in West Germany, France and The Netherlands.

Dealers said the rise in the dollar, which followed the interest rate news, boosted the leading U.K. exporters. Tuesday's sizeable early gain on Wall Street similarly gave the wider market a lift. By 1512 GMT the FTSE 100 was up 33.1 to 1.690.8.

The market was encouraged by the interest rate cuts, which some dealers suggested were coordinated and could mean any forthcoming group of seven industrialised nations meeting might agree on interest rate and currency stabilisation.

But not many expect a near-term cut in U.K. base lending rates. Dealers said Britain was unlikely to sanction a domestic

interest rate cut before a G-7 meeting. News that the U.K. current account deficit was only £282 million in October, compared with the unexpectedly low shortfall of £55 million in September, gave the market some short-lived support around midday, dealers said. Analysts had forecast the October deficit would be between £300 million and £350 million.

THE Daily Crossword by Dorothes E. Shipp

and Congress on \$76 billion of mechanism through which it cent and its seven-day repurchase hike in U.S. rates, which are points, and approaching 1,690. U.S. economy records higher rate of expansion

WASHINGTON (AP) — The U.S. economy expanded at a robust annual rate of 4.1 per cent last summer, even better than previously thought, the govern-

ment reported Tuesday. The Commerce Department said the gross national product (GNP), the broadcast measure of economic health, was climbing sharply in the three months before the stock market collapse, led by strong increases in consumer spending and business investment.

The new figure on overall growth from July through September was revised from last month's estimate of a 3.8 per cent summer growth rate.

Inflation, however was a bit higher than previously forecast. The GNP inflation index rose at an annual rate of 3.3 per cent, compared to the previously calcu-

half of the year, when prices were rising at an annual rate of 4.3 per food costs along with decreases in clothing prices were key factors in

the change. The 4.1 per cent GNP growth rate compared to growth of 2.5 per cent in the April-June quarter and 4.4 per cent in the first three months of the year.

The economy will need to expand at a rate of just 1.8 per cent

But with the collapse of the

cent. A moderation of energy and stock market in October, some to begin in 1988. economists think even this growth level may be unattain-

> They maintain that the record 508-point drop in the Dow Jones industrial average on Oct. 19, which wiped out \$500 billion of wealth in one day, has made consumers jittery and less likely to purchase high-cost items.

> A survey of 49 top economists taken after the market crash found that 22 per cent of them were now looking for a recession

The administration of President Ronald Reagan is still offi-cially predicting GNP growth of 3.5 per cent next year, even better than this year's expected growth.

However, the survey of private economists done by blue chip economic indicators, an investment newsletter, found that analysts have shaved a full percentage point from their 1988 forecast because of the stock market decline.

lated 2.7 per cent. The 3.3 inflation rate was still in the current quarter to meet the government's forecast for growth an improvement from the first of 3.2 per cent for all of 1987.









Mutt'n' Jeff

Peanuts







Andy Capp



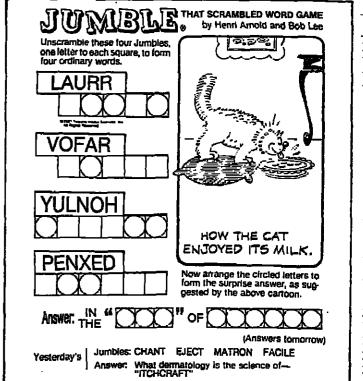








"Your wife called. She wants you to bring home some milk, some bread and some passion."



Horoscope not received

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Yesterday's Puzzie Solved:

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Ortega warns rebels against | Suspect in returning without amnesty

MANAGUA (R) — President Daniel Ortega warned Nicaraguan rebel leaders on Monday against flying to Managua on Tuesday to deliver their reply to his ceasefire proposals without first accepting amnesty from the Sandinistas.

Mr. Ortega spoke after the U.S.-backed Nicaraguan Resistance announced that two contra leaders would fly to Managua on Tuesday to present mediator Cardinal Miguel Obando Y. Bravo with their reply to Mr. Ortega's 11-point ceasefire proposal.

Contra spokeswoman Marisa Leal said in San Jose that Azucena Ferrey and Alfonso Robelo would deliver the contra response at midday on Tuesday, but she declined to give further details for security reasons.

'If these people want to arrive in Nicaragua they must accept amnesty," Mr. Ortega told a news conference held jointly with visiting Uruguayan President Julio Maria Sanguinetti.

Mr. Ortega declined to say what his government would do to the leaders if they defied the amnesty order, although he has previously threatened to jail rebels who return without first renouncing their armed struggle.,

The contras said they planned to hand Cardinal Obando their response to the ceasefire plan put forward by Mr. Ortega in Washington nearly two weeks

The cardinal, a harsh critic of the Sandinistas since they took power in 1979, has been accepted as mediator by both the government and the rebels. But he has declined to officially accept the role of middleman before hearing the rebel reply.

The cardinal has suggested the talks take place in Managua, a site favoured by the contras. But the Sandinista government has insisted the talks be held in Washington, which it accuses of having instigated the rebel move-

The Nicaraguan government has also argued that the arrival of contra leaders in Managua could spark violent clashes among their supporters and opponents. It has banned all airlines servicing Managua from selling tickets to any of the eight leaders of the rebels' Nicaraguan Resistance umbrella

Mr. Ortega criticised Costa Rica for allowing its territory to be used by the rebels for engaging

murder in "political activism," saying this was forbidden under a regional peace agreement he signed with four other leaders in Guatemala on Aug. 7.

Salvador

arrested

in Miami

archbishop's

WASHINGTON (R) — U.S.

police have arrested a man who

may be a former Salvadorean

army officer implicated in the

1980 assassination of Archbishop Oscar Arnulfo Romero in El Sal-

The U.S. Marshals Service, a

federal law enforcement agency,

announced on Tuesday that it had

detained Alvaro Rafael Saravia-

Merino on Monday night in

They said Saravia-Merino was

former captain in El Salvador's

army and was believed to have

been intimately linked with right-

wing death squads responsible for

tens of thousands of political kill-

ings in El Salvador in the late

1970s and early 1980s. Archbishop Romero was shot

and killed while saying mass at a cancer clinic chapel in San Salva-

dor on March 24, 1980. A cham-

pion of the poor, he was an

outspoken critic of the extreme

political violence responsible for

the deaths of thousands of Sal-

vadoreans in the months prior to

The Marshals Service said Saravia-Merino was detained at the request of the U.S. Immigra-

tion and Naturalisation Service

for violating U.S. immigration

On Monday in San Salvador,

Salvadorean President Jose

Napoleon Duarte named former

army Capt. Alvaro Salazar Sara-

via as being implicated in the

Romero assassination by a wit-

ness who claimed to be the get-

away car driver for the killer.

had issued an arrest warrant for

It was not immediately clear if

the man arrested by the U.S.

marshals was the army captain

Saravia-Merino is believed to

have entered the United States

legally but preliminary informa-

tion indicated that his temporary

permit to remain in the country

expired 10 months ago, the Mar-

He will be held in custody in

Miami pending a determination

of his status. The Marshals Ser-

vice said it was not known if El

Salvador would seek Saravia-

The driver of the getaway car

for the killer has implicated right-

wing National Assembly member

Roberto D'Aubuisson in the

Mr. Duarte said authorities

his assassination.

regulations.

Salazar Saravia.

named by Mr. Duarte.

Service said

Merino's extradition.

Monday.

"Costa Rica should prohibit this sort of activism by people who are linked to criminal groups who are murdering the Nicara-guan people," Mr. Ortega said. In Washington, the White House said on Monday that Nicaragua's release of 985 prisoners as part of its pledge to comply with a regional peace accord did

not go far enough. Spokesman Marlin Fitzwater said the release on Sunday "doesn't go far enough in terms of the 9,000 prisoners who still remain there.

He said the peace plan adopted in Guatemala in August called for a broad amnesty such as had been issued in El Salvador by President Jose Napoleon Duarte.

We would expect President Ortega to go ahead and provide amnesty for the remaining 9,000 if he is sincere about implementing those provisions," Mr. Fitzwater said.

Most of the prisoners released on Sunday were accused of supporting U.S.-backed contra rebels opposed to the ruling Sandinista National Liberation Front (FSLN). Some had been serving 30-year sentences.

Tokyo police arrest Red Army leader

TOKYO (R) — Police said on Tuesday they had arrested a top leader of the ultra-radical Japanese Red Army following a 14-year hunt.

A police spokesman said Osamu Maruoka, 37, who he said helped hijack two passenger jets in the 1970s, was arrested on

was believed to have arrived the same day on a flight from Hong

The arrest was the first of a Red Army member since police detained Yoshiaki Yamada, 38, in February, 1986.

Police have said the group, which used to number about 200, The spokesman said Maruoka had shrunk to about 20, most of

whom were living in the Middle

In 1973, a guerrilla group allegedly led by Maruoka blew up an empty Japan Air Lines (JAL)

Jumbo Jet in Libya. He was also part of a five-man Red Army group that hijacked a JAL jetliner over India in 1977, taking the passengers hostage,

U.S. officials probe war crimes files

UNITED NATIONS (R) - U.S. access to the archives has been government investigators pored over U.N. War Crimes Commission files when the archives were opened to researchers for the first time in more than 40 years.

The files contain the names of nearly 40,000 alleged World War II war criminals, suspects and

Under new rules promulgated earlier this month, largely as a result of a campaign by Israel,

ney General Edwin Meese has

offered a deal to Cuban prison-

ers, raising hopes of a settlement

after three days of riots in which

inmates seized hostages and

burned buildings in protest

One person was reported to

have died in one of the two

prisons, where prison officials

said 30 people were injured, four

Mr. Meese told a news confer-

ence in Washington he had

offered a moratorium on any

deportation pending full review

of each individual case on condi-

tion that the disturbances end

immediately and the hostages be

The offer was greeted enthu-

BY CHARLES GOREN

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against their deportation.

with gunshot wounds.

released without delay.

Meese offers deal to end

Cuban prisoners' uprising

ATLANTA (R) - U.S. Attor- Leshaw, called in by the Atlanta

Previously, they could be examined only by governments, which could only request the files of specifically named individuals. Now bona fide researchers as

well as governments may study the documents. Requests for access by a private individual must be approved by his country's U.N. representative.

A U.N. spokesman said six

inmates along with a local televi-

sion reporter as an outside nego-

tiator, said he though the uprising

could end soon.

bidding the heart game.

like a doubleton.

rest was a pianola.

his diamond loser.

once in a while.

West attacked with a diamond

and declarer, looking at three losers in the black suits, also had to

contend with possibly finding a

haven for his fourth diamond, for

the opening lead certainly looked

Declarer won the first trick in

hand and drew trumps in three

rounds. Had there been no opposi-

tion bidding, declarer almost sure-

ly would have led a spade either to

the jack or the king. But East had

to have the acc-queen for his over-

call, so declarer continued with a

spade to the nine. When that

fetched the queen from East, the

Declarer won the diamond re-

turn in dummy and led the kine of

spades, ruffing out the are when

East covered. There was still an-

other high diamond on the table to

serve as an entry to the jack of

spades, on which declarer parked

hand, East met a cruel and unjust

fate for doing the right thing. That

does not mean, however, that you

should spurn your natural action

just because you might get burned

It is true that, on this particular

representatives from the U.S. Justice Department's office of special investigations had begun examining the files.

The office investigates persons, usually naturalised U.S. citizens, suspected of involvement in war crimes before coming to the Un-

ited States. The U.N. spokesman said the archives had only six machines

for reading the microfilmed docu-ments and all were being used.

'Media unfair' for saying Rev. Jackson cannot win

WASHINGTON (R) "I believe we can settle this Democratic presidential candithing tonight," Mr. Leshaw said. date Jesse Jackson said the news media has unfairly sad-There have been guarantees of fair hearings and no reprisals." dled him with a "can't win" At the Oakdale Prison in label, as a black in a white Louisiana, warden J.R. Johnson society, even though he is the said: "Several came out of the frontrunger in opinion sur-

dormitories and threw their fists "No matter how poorly they (other candidates) are doing. in the air. The reaction seemed to be very positive." t's never said they cannot win. The television reporter who No matter how well I'm doing it's always said I can't win," was allowed into the Atlanta prison said he had confirmation that Rev. Jackson said on Monday one person had died there but in an interview with Reuter

had no details on whether the correspondents. dead person was an inmate or a "That slander and slant has guard. Officials had no comment a cumulative negative impact legal aid society lawyer Gary on the reported death. upon the atmosphere. It's like putting chemicals in the atmosphere. Over a period of time those chemicals will soli-GOREN BRIDGE dify and take on a life of their

own. That's unfair." Most political analysts say THE PENALTY EXCEEDS THE CRIME Rev. Jackson, who first came Neither vulnerable. North deals, ran to his cheapest four-card suit to prominence in the civil and South ended the auction by rights movement of the 1960s,

> cannot win enough white votes to gain his party's nomination. Asked if that reflected racism in the press, Rev. Jackson noted that his questioners on Monday were all white males.

"It serves no useful purpose to describe it in detail. So much of it is self-evident. You look around this table at who has the power to interrogate and to judge. There are white males sitting around this tab-

ler," he said. "The onus is not on me. It's impossible for me not to be black, it is possible for you to be fair," he added.

Rev. Jackson, who won the third largest bloc of Democratic convention delegates in 1984, has led his five nomination rivals in every national poll since former frontrunner Gary Hart quit the race last

May. But his support rarely exceeds 20 per cent

Filipino military details foreign aid for rebels

up attacks after a military coup

attempt on Aug. 28 nearly top-pled President Corazon Aquino.

Saturnino Ocampo, spokesman

of the Communist-led National

Democratic Front, told the Brit-

ish Broadcasting Corporation in

an interview that the front had

good ties with several foreign

works in more than 25 countries.

15 of them in Western Europe."

"There are NDF support net-

"Early next year we hope to

gain greater international recog-

nition for the NDF or for the

provisional revolutionary govern-

ment we are building... This rec-

ognition would enhance our sta-

tus of belligerence against the Aquino government," he said.

ign aid as "political," but added:

coming from people's organisa-

tions and solidarity groups."

Some material support has been

Mr. Ocampo did not say what

kind of material support had been

eration that ended on Nov. 1

after 15 hours. She was born with

twisted intestines, a life-threaten-

had been making a strong recov-

ery, and her doctors were anti-

cipating her first meal of solid

intestine, but replacing the five-

organ group was easier than

transplanting the two, doctors

Only two other people in the

United States have undergone

the same transplant surgery.

She needed only a liver and

Until Monday's setback, she

He described most of the fore-

liberation groups.

Mr. Ocampo said.

MANILA (R) — Private groups The Communists have been in Australia and West Europe are supplying Philippine Communist pines for 18 years. They stepped supplying Philippine Communist guerrillas with aid, a military intelligence report said on Tuesday.

The report said 14 private groups in Australia, Ireland, Switzerland, West Germany and Belgium were sending aid to the 23,000-strong Communist New People's Army (NPA).

"The governments of those countries are not supporting the local Communist movement and may be ignorant about the activities of the groups involved," said the report, which was made avail-

able to journalists. The Australian embassy in Manila said it had received no communication from the Philippine government about assistance from Australian groups to the rebels. Comment from embassies of the other named countries was

not immediately available. Defence Secretary Rafael Ileto said on Sunday that foreign aid this year to the outlawed Communist Party was estimated at \$8 million compared with \$2.5 million last year. The NPA is the Communist Party's military wing.

Multiple tansplant child recovers after lapse PITTSBURGH (AP) - Three- small intestine and parts of the

ing condition.

food ever.

year-old Tabatha Foster, recover- stomach and colon during an oping from surgery to transplant five organs, lapsed into unconsciousness but recovered within several hours. William F. Donaldson Jr.,

medical director of Children's Hospital of Pittsburgh, said the child might have suffered a sei-Throughout the episode, her blood pressure and pulse re-mained normal, he said. After-

ward she was able to respond to questions by nodding her head. Tabatha was listed in critical

but stable condition. She received a liver, pancreas,

Deaths, miscarriages blamed on Swiss cheese bacteria LAUSANNE, Switzerland (AP) banned if they were found to

— Tainted Vacherin Mont D'Or, a Swiss soft cheese, has caused 25 deaths or miscarriages in four nationwide check of all soft vears and six other people have been killed by the same bacteria strain, authorities have said.

An order banning production, sale and export of the cheese was issued Friday.

The six deaths were being investigated to determine whether they could be traced to contaminated batches of Vacherin Mont D'Or. Officials of the Federal murder, President Duarte said on Health Office said imports of French soft cheeses would be disease akin to encephalitis.

contain listeriosis germs. They said first results of a

expected by the end of the week. Measures against Vacherin Mon D'Or, most of which is produced in the French-speaking canton of Vaud, were taken after it was blamed for three listeriosis deaths in Switzerland since the seasonal sale of the cheese began

Listeriosis is a commonly fatal

last month. None of the cheese. had been sold abroad.

Smoking banned in London underground LONDON (R) — London transport officials have im-"Although suggestions that

posed a complete ban on smoking in the British capital's underground railway system after a fire at King's Cross station in which 30 people died last week.

Smoking on trains and underground platforms was prohibited in 1985 after a blaze at Oxford Circus Station but the ban was extended on Monday to all parts of the network including areas where it comes to the surface.

Last Wednesday's fire, the worst in the history of the underground, started under a 48-year-old wooden escalator and exploded into a buge fireball during the late evening at the station are due to

a discarded cigarette may have caused the fire have not been confirmed, we must do all in our power to lessen the risk of fire," said Sir Keith Bright, chairman of London Regional Transport.

Bright also announced a major clean-up of all underground escalators.

Experts have suggested that thick layers of grease and fluff beneath the escalators may have been responsible for the fireball effect of the King's Cross blaze.

Police scientists who have been sifting through the debris

anniounce the cause of the fire at a coroner's inquest on Tuesday. They have ruled out

The deep-level platforms at King's Cross, London's busiest underground station which serves five lines, were reopened to passengers on Monday for the first time since the fire.

But passengers were not allowed to use the ravaged ticket hall where most of those who died were trapped in scorching heat and dense black smoke.

Nine people are still in hospital, three in intensive care where they are being treated for burns and the effects of smoke inhalation.

Li Peng named China's acting premier within the party," a Western

PEKING (R) - Li Peng, adopted son of the late Premier banker said. "Under him, there Chou Enlai and a Moscowtrained engineer, was named China's acting premier on Tuesday.

The official New China News Agency said the standing committee of the National People's Congress, China's parliament, named Mr. Li to replace Zhao Ziyang, who resigned as premier after becoming Communist Party leader on Nov. 2.

Mr. Zhao, who was premier since 1980, proposed Mr. Li as acting premier, the agency said. Mr. Li's appointment was widely expected by diplomats and foreign businessmen and had

been strongly hinted at by the

official press and party lead-

ershio. Mr. Li, 59, is expected to be confirmed as premier when the National People's Congress holds its next annual session in March, 1988. The Standing Committee only has the authority to appoint

an acting premier. "Li is the compromise candidate, acceptable to all factions

will be no major changes in economic policy, although there may be changes in speed and

emphasis." "He is no movie star," said one Western diplomat. "Foreigners who have met him describe him as businesslike, well-briefed and full of intelligent questions. He understands how the world economy works and how it affects

"On policy, he is close to Zhao and (senior leader) Deng Xiaoping. But he may be more cautious and may take fewer risks than

He said Mr. Li was well suited for the post. He has a university education, long experience in government, has travelled widely and has been close to party elders because of his relationships with Mr. Chou.

Mr. Li's natural father, one of the earliest members of the Chinese Communist Party, was killed in 1931 by the Nationalists.

He was adopted by Chou Enlai who became Communist China's first premier in 1949 and held the post until his death in 1976.

Mr. Li studied hydropower engineering at the Moscow Power Institute from 1948 to 1955 and returned to China to run a power plant, rising to become minister of power, minister of the state education commission and vicepremier.

Diplomats and Chinese sources said Mr. Li had been chosen as part of a complex political deal worked out between party factions during negotiations this summer when China's leaders met at a seaside resort for annual

Mr. Li was acceptable to the old guard, many of whom retired from leading posts at the party's congress in November, because of his personal background and experience in the energy and planning sectors.

"Behind Li are many tall mountains," one Chinese journalist said in a reference to powerful political backers.

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Canadian, U.K. productions win awards

NEW YORK (AP) - A Canadian children's show that sometimes features topics so controversial that one episode was banned in Great Britain was among the five winners Monday of the 1987 International Emmy Awards. British productions won four other awards handed out by the National Academy of Television Arts and Sciences, which reviewed hundreds of entries to honour the best of worldwide television programming. The winner for the children's programming category was Degrassi Junior High, a show made in Toronto that focuses on the pain and joys of adolescence. The winning documentary was the Sword of Islam, a British production in which Granada Television journalists explored the ruins of Beirut. Israeli-occupied villages, Iran and the shantytowns of Cairo to learn the opinions and motivations of the two most feared groups of the Islamic Revolution - Jihad and Hezbollah. The winner in the drama category was Porterhouse Blue, a British four-part adaptation of Tom Sharpe's comic novel. The story is about a new master who tries to introduce radical changes at a Cambridge College noted for its rowing, ancient traditions and dismal academic standards. The performing arts category winner was the Belle of Amherst. a British portrayal of what it would be like to spend a day in the 1883 Amherst, Massachusetts, household of poet Emily Dickinson. The winner in the popular arts category was Alas Smith And Jones, a BBC production that features comedy stars Mel Smith and Griff Rhys Jones as they explore the world of advertising, death and the great motivator — money. A special directorate award went to Jeremy Isaacs, who joined England's Channel 4 as its founding chief executive in 1981 after a long career as a programme maker and executive with the BBC and ITV and as an independent producer.

Japanese self-immolation hits record

TOKYO (R) — The number of Japanese who committed suicide by setting themselves on fire hit a postwar high last year, a government report said on Tuesday. Cases of self-immolation jumped by 146 from the 1985 figure to 804.

Air pollution alert issued in Tehran

NICOSIA (R) - Air pollution in Tehran has risen to dangerous levels. Iran's Metereological Organisation said in a warning broadcast by Tehran Radio on Tuesday. It urged children, old people and those with respiratory diseases in the Iranian capital to stay indoors for 24 hours.

\$1,000 offered to 19-year-old virgins

NEW YORK (AP) - A millionaire who says he's alarmed by high teen-age pregnancy rates has offered high school girls in three New York City boroughs \$1,000 to remain virgins through age 19, a newspaper reported Monday. "I read that 40,000 girls under the age of 15 have gotten pregnant in the United States. That's a tragic story," John Napoleon Lacorte told the Daily News. Boys do not want to marry sexually experienced women, said Lacorte, a 78-year-old retired insurance salesman from Brooklyn. Lacorte established a \$100,000 endowment to fund the programme for high school girls in Brooklyn. Queens and Staten Island. To qualify, girls have to write to Lacorte to apply and submit to a medical test at age 19. Boys, he said, could not be covered under the programme because "it's very difficult to test young boys to determine if they are virgins.

Sailor killed in fight with Thai police

BANGKOK (R) - A 19-year-old U.S. Navy sailor visiting the policemen, police said on Tuesday. They said the sailor, one of the crew of the aircraft carrier Ranger visiting the resort about 100 kilometres south of Bangkok, grabbed a police gun on Sunday and seriously wounded the two policemen before being shot himself. A U.S. embassy spokesman said he could not reveal the identity of the sailor until the next-of-kin had been informed.

U.S. AIDS carrier dies in Thai jail

BANGKOK (R) - An American infected with the AIDS virus who was jailed in Thailand for heroin smuggling has died in prison of a heart condition, doctors said on Tuesday. They said Lewis Browne, 39, born in Virginia, died on Saturday in Bangkok's Klong Prem Prison. He was one of about 25 foreign prisoners infected with acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) hoping for release under a possible royal amnesty next month. The doctors said they suspected Browne's heart problem was linked to AIDS but were not yet sure. Officials blame heroin injections and homosexual acts for the spread of AIDS in Thai jails, where at least six people have died of the disease.

Biological brake on AIDS virus isolated

PARIS (R) — French scientists say they have taken a first step toward producing a vaccine against AIDS with the discovery of a tiny protein they say can stave off development of the killer disease. Dr. Buno Guy of Transgene, a genetic engineering company which has been looking for an AIDS vaccine for two years, told Reuters on Monday the discovery was an important step towards knowing how to halt the disease. But he stressed that Transgene, whose research was published in this week's issue of the scientific magazine Nature, was still far from producing a vaccine to cure AIDS. AIDS (acquired immune deficiency syndrome) is triggered off by the HIV virus which enters the body through white blood cells. As the disease develops, the body's immune system gradually breaks down and sufferers lose resistance to disease. But in many cases, people infected with the virus do not contract the disease for years - a fact experts have until now been unable to explain. Guy said research carried out by the Transgene team discovered a protein inside the virus which acted as a brake on the disease's development. The Strasbourg-based team, commissioned by leading AIDS specialists at the Paris Pasteur Institute — where the disease was first identified — have isolated what they call an "F-Gene" inside the HIV virus. Laboratory tests show that the F-Gene, one of several tiny specks of protein contained in the virus, acts as a mask and "hides" infected blood cells from the body's immune system.

Soviet musician arrives in Britain

LONDON (R) - Rock musician Valeri Barinov, freed and granted an exit visa by the Soviet Union after two and a half years in a labour camp, arrived in Britain on Sunday. Barinov, who arrived with his wife Tanya and their two children, was welcomed at London's Heathrow Airport by members of a British Christian Organisation who had been campaigning for his release. "I want to ask (Prime Minister Margaret) Thatcher and parliament for citizenship for me and my family. I want to live here but I will seek the opportunity to one day go back to the USSR to see my people." he said. The 42-year-old singer and social worker from Leningrad was sentenced in 1984 for attempting to leave the Soviet Union without permission. At his trial, he said his only crime was being a Christian. Barinov suffered a heart attack while in a labour camp and Mrs. Thatcher brought up his case in talks with Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev when she visited Moscow earlier this year. British supporters, including pop star Cliff Richard, have raised money to provide the musician and his family with a home. Until a permanent residence is found, the family will stay with a Christian organisation in Cobham, southern

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